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that will compete with
outside firms.

Chinook Advance

World's News Briefly Chronicled

Threat in British War Debt
Note of Great Importance
To Dominion

(By Lukin Johnston in the
Calgary Herald)

London, Dec. 2. — Canada stands to gain heavily in trade if the United Kingdom is obliged by United States insistence on war debts payments to carry out the veiled threat in her note to Washington and impose tariffs on American goods.

The chief United States' imports in Great Britain today are ardstuffs, especially wheat and other farm products, and it is just these commodities that the United Kingdom itself cannot produce in adequate quantities for its needs.

But there is nothing to prevent them coming from Canada instead, and no doubt that is what the government here has in mind.

"In the present circumstances," says the note, "the result of tariff restrictions would inevitably be to reduce especially the market in the United Kingdom for American farm products. To an extent, therefore, that war debt payments are returned in the United States treasury, definite and unfavorable reaction must follow to the United States producer."

Girl at Football Game (watching huddle on the field). There at Chicago! Football fans would repeat that story I told him last night.

Britain Calls Halt in One
Sided Disarmament
Programme

(By Associated Press in
Calgary Herald)

New York, Dec. 1. — Declaring Great Britain had gone farther than any other power in naval disarmament, Sir Bolton Eyres-Mounsell, first lord of the British Admiralty, insisted during debate in the house of commons that "future reductions will depend on their being accepted by everyone; there will be no further unilateral reductions."

Sir Bolton's defence of the British naval policy was the chief feature of the debate on the Royal Navy, said the Herald-Tribune on Thursday in a special cable from London.

One new point of interest that emerged was that, in the opinion of the admiralty, the personnel had been reduced to a dangerously low figure and ought to be increased, the dispatch said.

**Gen. von Schleicher Succeeds
in Forming New German
Government**

(By Associated Press in
Calgary Herald)

Berlin, Dec. 3. — General Kurt von Schleicher, who was requested on Friday by President von Hindenburg to form a new ministry, succeeded Saturday after-

C-O-A-L

The silent reminder that we will welcome your coal orders

**Imperial Bldg. Supplies
LIMITED**

noon and the president signed his appointment as chancellor of Germany.

Like von Papen, General Schleicher will face the Reichstag "clothed with a government of conciliation," openly inviting co-operation from the Reichstag.

When von Schleicher faces the Reichstag he probably will have the support of the 151 seats commanded by the Nationalists, Centrists, Bavarians and Populists. This is far short of a majority, however, of the 584 seats.

**Police Block Jobless From
United States Capital**

(By United Press in
Calgary Herald)

Washington, Dec. 5. — "Hungry marchers" invaded Washington Monday and extra police congregated around the White House and the Capitol to stem a possible rush of the 3,000 unemployed.

Police locked the main entrances to the Capitol building and subjected every visitor to the closest scrutiny.

Red-eyed, cold and cramped from a night spent in their trucks and automobiles, the demonstrators

on Monday looked hopefully to court action for an avenue of escape from the police cordon surrounding them on Washington's outskirts.

**Garner Repeal Motion Five
Votes Short**

(By United Press in
Calgary Herald)

Washington, Dec. 5. — The house today defeated the Garner resolution for outright repeal of the 18th amendment.

The house's action was believed to have definitely ended the possibility of congressional approval of prohibition repeal at the present short session.

Speaker Garner announced the vote, which was only five votes short of the two-thirds majority necessary to have carried the resolution.

The vote on repeal was 277 to 144.

Grocer: You want a pound of ochre? Is it red ochre for making paint?

Small Boy: No, it's tappy ochre for making puddings.

Chinook Consolidated School Report for Sept., Oct., Nov., '32

Grade XI	Langley 54, William Hornmann 50, John Schmidt and George Schmidt not ranked.
Grade V.	Rodney Brodine 77.5, Peter Neufeld 77, Isabel Vanhook 74.5, Maxine Hurley 74, George Marcy 72, Leise Friesen, 70, Tressa Connell 62, Frieda Hornmann 60, Arthur Pfeifer 61, Audrey Rideout 56, Lester Burton 53.
Grade X	Gerhard von Riesen 89.8, Paul Lloyd 69, Mabel Gilbertson 66.7, Frank Marcy 62, Lyle Milligan 50.3, Milton Dressel 44.8.
Grade IX.	Winnie Murray 89.8, Dean Tomkins 67.1, Bruce Young 56.6, Lorne Rideout 53, Myrtle O'dall 50.3.
Grade VIII	Kathleen Proudfoot 92.4, Chester Rideout 74.7, Arthur Langley 70.7, Florence Marr 66.7, Billie McIntosh 62.2, Earl Robinson 59.5, Murray Coates 54, Jacob Funk and Peter Funk not ranked.
Grade VII.	James Proudfoot 83, Gilbert Gilbertson 72, Teddy Demarc 66, Harold Dressel 65, Gladys Coates 63, Laura Chapman 61, Virginia Dressel 60, Robert Marcy 58, John Lloyd 51, Norman Jacques 49, Mary Schmidt, Helen Rosenau and Walter Rosenau not ranked.
Grade VII.	Henry Funk 82, Eileen Proudfoot 81, Siegfried Peters 75, Oswald Guss 74, James Marcy 69.4, Lee 69.3, Joyce Milligan 69, Agnes Martens 68, Donald Guss 65, Alice Gilbertson 55, Sidney
Grade I.	Nancy Connor 93.3, Helen Peters 92.6, Elsa Martens 89.6, Joyce Brodine 87, Teddy Rosenau 86, Allan Johnston 83.6, Hedwig Friesen 82.3, Marie Gilbertson 76, William Proudfoot 76, George Reghr 68.3, Edward Enokson 65.3.

HEALTHFUL BEVERAGES

- ...IF YOU LIKE A BEVERAGE WITH SNAP AND SPARKLE
- ...IF YOU LIKE A BEVERAGE OF MELLOW SMOOTHNESS
- ...IF YOU LIKE A BEVERAGE OF CREAMY DELICIOUSNESS
- ...IF YOU LIKE A BEVERAGE FULL BODIED & SATISFYING
- ...IN SHORT, A BEVERAGE PERFECTLY BREWED & AGED
- ...THEN YOU CERTAINLY WILL ENJOY

CANADA'S FINEST LAGER BEERS "Brewed in Alberta"

- ...SERVED AT HOTELS AND CLUBS OF REPUTE.
- ...NEAREST WAREHOUSE, DRUMHELLER, PHONE 648.

AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

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"CROWN BRAND"
CORN SYRUP
At trifling cost *the most*
Nourishing and
Delicious Food

The CANADA STARCH CO. Limited,
 MONTREAL.

Now-- All Together.

Municipal and school board elections are over for another year throughout Canada's western provinces. Reports indicate that, generally speaking, the elections this year were contested with a vigor surpassing that which usually characterizes such contests. This, no doubt, is but another result of the difficult and critical times through which the world is passing, the inevitable outcome of which is discontent, dissatisfaction with whatever is done, no matter what its nature may be, or who may be responsible for the doing of it. Another factor accounting for the keenness of many contests was the entry of a political party in Provincial and Federal affairs into the realm of municipal affairs, thus introducing a new element, and in some cases a new bitterness, into municipal and school board elections.

It is no doubt true that at no time can men and women, clothed with responsibility by their fellow citizens direct public policies and manage public affairs, please all classes. No matter what they may do, or may leave undone, certain people will be dissatisfied. This, however, is especially true at a time like the present when all governing bodies are confronted with the two-fold task on exercising the strictest economy on the one hand, and of being faced with the necessity of making extraordinary expenditures on the other hand. Both these things must be done,—the first because of falling revenues resulting from the inability of many people to pay taxes, and the second because prevailing conditions make it obligatory to provide work or relief for countless numbers of people. The result is a demand for more and more so-called "free" services on the part of governments, for people who have not the means to obtain these services for themselves, at a time when governments cannot possibly get the money to pay for the aforesaid "free" services.

Dissatisfaction and discontent, ending in unreasonableness on the part of many, is the inevitable result. These things which many people are demanding, if granted, mean the imposition of still heavier burdens on others who are making a valiant struggle to keep their own heads above water and not become charges on the community. Those whom the citizenship made responsible for administration of public policies and affairs thus found themselves between two fires, and with their hands tied financially, making it impossible for them to do many of the things they undoubtedly would have been glad to do were it only possible.

Some experienced and conscientious public servants have, as a result of this general dissatisfaction, been defeated, their places on public bodies being taken by others, some of whom, again, have captured the popular fancy and support as a result of more or less sweeping promises which they will soon discover they, too, with all the best intention in the world, will be unable to fulfill.

Service on municipal councils, school boards, and other public bodies is, at best and under the most favorable circumstances, a more or less thankless task, while under present prevailing adverse conditions it is even more so, inviting, as it does, little but abuse, misrepresentation of motives and acts, and loss of whatever popularity a person may have possessed. Such service also involves no small sacrifice on the part of the person accepting public office. In these days it requires every moment of one's time and energies to keep their own personal business matters in solvent shape, neglect of them means disaster.

But service on public bodies is a public duty. It is a duty that must be discharged by some one, and those who are willing to make the sacrifice are deserving of the thanks and cordial goodwill of their fellow citizens, regardless of the fact that their every act is under the microscope of public opinion. Therefore, now that the smoke of our municipal and school board battles has floated away, now that the decisions of the majority have been rendered, it behooves all citizens of good will, and loyal to the democratic institutions of this country, to get behind their representatives whoever they may be, and, irrespective of the fact whether they were their personal choice or not, give them a helping hand. Let carping criticism now cease. Let all personalities be forgotten. Rather, let one and all stand unitedly in support of their elected representatives and work harmoniously together with one single purpose of doing the best possible under existing circumstances, helping each other, and thereby helping all.

And in so doing greater consideration may well be given to this important fact which too many people are rather inclined in these troublous days to forget, namely, that more can be learned from the experiences of the past than from all the text books of theories or the idealistic visions of inexperienced and untired visionaries. What is good in the past we should retain, while that which, through experience, we have learned to be weak and faulty should be remedied or disregarded, being substituted by what that same experience has shown to be needed, rather than to invoke some purely theoretical idea which, when put to the test of practical operation, is more likely than not to land us in a deeper morass than the one from which we are striving to extricate ourselves.

Trap For Smugglers

"Wall Of Invisible Rays" On Germany's Western Frontier

An invisible wall which nobody can penetrate unnoticed will soon be "erected" at certain points of Germany's western frontier as the latest device against smugglers.

It is a "wall of invisible rays" which cannot be seen or felt; but whoever penetrates this wall starts an alarm in the Customs office. There an indicator promptly announces the spot where the intruder has crossed the frontier. A special device informs the officers of "blind alarms" by hares, dogs or deer.

Belfast is warring on gambling.

Awarded Damages

Parishan Detective Sues Tax Company For Injury To His Nose

Detectives must have two good noses—one for crime and another on the face. That is why a magistrate in Paris has awarded \$1,000 damages to a sleuth attached to the police squad for the suppression of gambling. The detective had sued a taxi company because his nose had been injured in a taxi accident and he could no longer carry on his work at race tracks because "he would immediately be recognized on account of his injured nose."

He who has lost confidence can lose nothing more.

Was So Short Of Breath Could Not Lie Down To Sleep



Mrs. P. J. Charnoff, Shorncliffe, B.C., writes:—

"I had been so troubled with shortness of breath I could not lie down to sleep."

I couldn't do any hard work, or climb the stairs, and had nervous and smothering feelings, and became very weak.

I tried all kinds of medicine, but could get no relief until after I had taken three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and since then I have felt better in every way.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Woman Is Honored By French Legion

Old Tradition Has Been Shattered For Second Time

An old tradition which dates back to Napoleon and which kept French women from rising in grade in the Legion of Honor has been shattered by the award of the rank of Commander of the Legion to a woman, for the second time in history.

Mme. Philippe de Vilmorin, millionaire business woman and one of the world's greatest dealers in seeds and grains, has been promoted from Officer to Commander, joining in that rank Countess de Noailles, princess, the only other woman Commander in the Legion's history.

The promotion came in the distribution of 600 ribbons and rosettes of the Legion of Honor to reward services rendered towards the success of the Colonial Exposition. Madame de Vilmorin had created the floral decoration of the exposition grounds.

Widowed during the war, Mme. de Vilmorin led the front, where she had won citations as a war nurse, and took charge of the 200-year-old grain firm.

She travelled through Africa, India, China, Java, Egypt, Australia and the Orient, to select and improve the seeds of tobacco, rice, coffee, peanuts and other colonial crops. She operates agronomic laboratories and largely was responsible for saving the French cut-flower industry from ruinous Dutch and Italian competition.

Reproduction Of Old Temple

Took Centuries To Build But Duplicate Took Sixty Days

The Chicago World's Fair breaks ground for the great Maya temple that is to be a dominating feature. It reproduces the temple at Uxmal, Yucatan, built more than 1,000 years ago by the most enlightened aborigines of North America. The original was generations in building, the duplicate goes up in 60 days. With electric cutting tools the grotesque head of a Mayan god can be turned out in a few hours; but the original Maya, who did not even know how to harden copper spent a lifetime in bringing a face or a column into form. This temple alone will serve all the ends of a world's fair—it will be a psalm of the rise of man.—Christian Science Monitor.

An excellent protection against worms can be got in Miller's Worm Powders. They render the stomach and intestines untenable to them. They heat the surface that have become inflamed by the attacks of the parasites and serve to restore the strength of the child that has been undermined by the draughts that the worms have made upon it, and their operation is altogether health-giving.

Grain Storage Rates

Charge For Grain Storage Has Now Been Reduced

The rate of charge for grain storage, elevator and other services at country and terminal elevators, has been fixed by the government at one-fifth of a cent per bushel per day, a decrease from the rate of one-thirtieth of a cent at present in force.

The change is made by virtue of the recent amendment to the Canada Grain Act, which places the power to take such action in the hands of the Board of Grain Commissioners. The amendment passed the House during the recently adjourned session, after a brief debate. It was sponsored by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce.

Persian Balm—the peerless aid to loveliness. Delightfully fragrant. Dainty to use. Leaves no stickiness. A little gentle rubbing and it is swiftly absorbed by the tissues. Tonic in effect. Soothes and dispels roughness and chafing. Keeps skins soft and velvet-textured. Unrivalled for charm, distinction and refinement. Used by lovely women everywhere to preserve and enhance their natural beauty.

The National Railway Construction Federation has submitted a plan to the ministry of railways to convert the ancient Great Wall of China into a system of motor highways, but it is hard for outsiders to conjecture such a motor road. For hundreds of miles the Wall climbs over mountain peaks.

The basin of the Colorado River covers about one-thirteenth of the area of the United States. This section has a population only as large as that of the state of Rhode Island.

The chemist's magic produces lilac scent for perfume from turpentine oil.

In the eighth and ninth centuries, Persia was the centre of the rose water industry.

Shanghai Has German Paper

City Now Boasts Wide Variety In Daily Newspapers

Into the babel of Shanghai's already complex newspaper world still another foreign language daily has made its debut. It is the German language Deutsches Shanghai Zeitung. Perhaps no other city in the world boasts of so many different kinds of daily papers.

Published in the English language there is the old established English Journal, the North China Daily News, so-called because at its founding most foreigners lived in Canton, to which Shanghai was then North China, although it is far from that geographically speaking. Two American dailies, the China Press in the morning and the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, an afternoon paper, vie with the third, the Shanghai Times, which has an English editor, although it is not of that nationality as to capital.

Bidding For Foreign Markets

Germany Plans To Send Out Floating Industrial "Fair"

In an endeavour to regain some of the foreign markets Germany lost as a result of the world war, an association of German manufacturers of Hagen, Westphalia, plan to send out a floating industrial "fair" early next year on a trade cruise to South America and the Far East, according to commerce department advisors from Consul J. H. Bruins at Hamburg.

The 14,000-ton Hamburg-South American liner S.S. Cap Norte has been chartered for the "fair." It will visit more than 70 foreign ports of the world, leaving Hamburg or Bremen shortly after the first of the year and remaining away 18 months. "It will sail first to South American ports, visiting British East India, China and Japan," the consul's report said.

The "Floating Fair" has been so organized that even small firms may take part in this place of practical trade promotion. It will offer for sale and will exhibit a great range of German industrial products, especially hardware and tools.

No Place For Candy Shop

New Orleans Woman Would Open Store In Alkavik

In New Orleans, La., a certain woman is thirsting for knowledge of Canada's far north. She also seeks knowledge of the Dominion's currency.

The woman, whose name was not revealed, wrote a tourist agency at Calgary for the information as she apparently wanted to open a store in Alkavik, which rests in Canada's bleak sub-Arctic.

The agency, however, told her there were no railways to the shore coast of the Arctic ocean and that it would be doubtful if the candy and medicine business would be very profitable in that district. They also told her Canadian money was in dollars and cents not pounds and shillings as she believed.

A safe and sure medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Insect pests destroy enough food plants in the British Empire alone to feed 45,000,000 people.

Venezuela recently purchased two American aeroplanes.

Do the right—not merely praise it.

STOMACH DISTRESS MAKES LIFE MISERABLE!

Acid indigestion, heartburn, gas, sour stomach, forces thousands to pass up their favorite foods at meal times, fearing after-effects.

If you are one of these chronic sufferers there is a swift, sure, sensible and safe treatment for you.

THE GENUINE ACTON'S STOMACH TABLETS

A proven remedy that corrects and restores the stomach organs to normalcy thereby warding off costly ulcerated conditions.

GIVE ACTON'S A FAIR TRIAL. THEY ARE SOLD AT YOUR DRUGGIST OR ANY BACK GUARANTEE

7 Day Trial Treatment - \$1.00
 30 Day Full Treatment - \$3.50

ACTON LABORATORIES (WESTERN)
 207-A 7th Ave. East, Calgary

For you and your pipe



If you "roll your own", use Ogden's fine cut and Chanticleer cigarette papers

Legend Of Bruce

Famous Bruce's Stone Is Presented To Scottish Nation

The Earl of Mar has presented to the Scottish nation the Bruce's stone. Everybody has heard the legend of Bruce and the spider. Less familiar, though, is the story of the stratagem to which Bruce resorted, as he did on so many other occasions with equal success, when he was a fugitive in the Galloway Highlands. His little band of followers gathered all the horses, wild and tame, all the goats, all the four-footed creatures upon which they could lay hands. The noise of this large body and the waving of the goats' horns made the English apprehensive that there must be a large force with Bruce. Accordingly they remained in their camp, and at daybreak Bruce attacked them with such fury that they were utterly routed.

Moss Raploch, where the stone is set up, and under which Bruce rested after he had put the enemy to flight, was recently sold by the Earl of Mar to the Galloway Power Company, but the Earl reserved from the sale the stone itself, together with a means of access from the main road.

Nation-Wide Fame.—There is scarcely a corner of this great Dominion where the merits of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have not been tried and proved. It is one of the world's most efficient remedies for sore throat, lame back and many other ailments arising from inflammation. Rubbed on the skin its healing powers are readily absorbed, and it can also be taken internally.

Hoarders Must Spend

Only Way To Start Business On The Up-Grade

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has issued a circular for the benefit of the public generally and of trade in particular, pointing out the necessity, if good times are to return, for the free spending of money. The only thing that keeps back the recovery of the trade is the lack of money in circulation. Consequently all hoarding or restriction on spending keeps back the recovery on which so much depends.

"The public interest in present conditions does not point to private economy; to spend less money than we should like to do is not patriotic," is one sentiment which the circular quotes from an English authority, which is equally applicable on this side of the ocean.

"In the period of the war it was a patriotic duty for private citizens to cut their expenditures on the purchase of consumable goods and services to the limit of their power. When a man now economizes in consumption, and lets the fruit of his economy pile up in bank balances, the released real resources do not find a new home waiting for them." Revival of business will only follow free spending.

Many Methods Used

Almost every known method of survey has been made use of in the work of surveying the international boundary between Canada and the United States. In its length of 5,500 miles, the boundary passes through country greatly varying in nature—through arms of the sea, through the great lakes, through rivers, lakes and forests and over plains, snowfields, glaciers and mountains.

A new speed fuel for outboard motors is being produced.

A Crowning Achievement

Herman Trelle's Prize Reward Wheat Result of Seven Years Work

"Never have I been more confident of winning the championship," was Herman Trelle's comment when notified that he had won the world's wheat championship at Chicago.

"I considered it won when I sent the sample in, because it represents seven years of selection and increasing of Reward wheat, and I consider it to be my crowning achievement. It is the first time I have ever shown this outstanding strain."

"This particular wheat was the largest sample of plump and uniform kernels combined with wonderful color, making it the finest wheat ever produced on our farm. This I consider to be remarkable and it proves the wonderful quality of this new strain of Reward wheat because this large and plump type was produced under very dry conditions. It suggests that it is drought resistant, which only further growing will prove."

"I predict that this type of wheat will provide the back-bone of Canada's future export business because of its higher quality."

Only four times have United States' farmers won the coveted award, and of the 18 times Canadians have carried the crown to the Dominion, three farmers have won it 12 times, records show. King of them all, however, is still Seager Wheeler, whose grain from Rosthern district in the world wheat plot of Saskatchewan, has earned the title five times.

The rays of the sun which are said to be most health-giving have a wave length of from 280 to 320 millionth part of a meter and are invisible to the human eye.

January is named from the Latin god, anus, god of gates and doors; hence, of beginnings.

VISIT the OLD COUNTRY this CHRISTMAS

Fares are much lower this year. You may now be able to afford this trip—a delightful experience you will remember for a lifetime.

Frequent sailings each week.

REDUCED FARES

Last Christmas Sailings

FROM SAINT JOHN

DUCHESSE D'ATHOLL Dec. 15
 MONTROSE Dec. 23
 MONTCLARE Dec. 30

These ships sail one day later from Halifax.

For complete information and reservations, apply to your local agent, or R. W. GREENE, Asst. General Agent, C.P.R. Bldg., Edmonton, or G. R. SWALWELL, Trav. Passenger Agent, C.P.R. Bldg., Saskatoon, or W. C. CASEY, Steamship General Passenger Agent, C.P.R. Bldg., Winnipeg.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

W. N. U. 1971

Good Progress Being Made With History Of The World War Now Being Compiled In Britain

With twenty-nine of the probable forty volumes of its history of the world war now completed, Great Britain is well ahead of all the other belligerent powers in the preparation of an official story of the events of the years 1914-1918 for the benefit of the living as well as of posterity. It is thought that the last volume will be ready twenty years hence, but that is really more of a guess than a certainty.

From the historical section of the committee of Imperial Defence, under whose aegis Britain's comprehensive memorial of the past and guide for the future is being prepared, this correspondent has just obtained a detailed account of how this Herculean task is being handled. So far it has cost 200,000 pounds sterling, though that total includes the cost of archival work which would have to be done anyway.

Of the histories completed there are: Naval Operations, 5 volumes; Merchant Navy, 3; Sea-borne Trade, 3; Gallipoli Campaign, 2; Egypt-Palestine, 2; Mesopotamia, 4, and Togoland and Cameroons, 1. In addition to these 20 volumes there have also been issued five of the contemplated twelve dealing with the western front, three of the five dealing with the war in the air, and another—in diary form—entitled "Principal Events of the War."

At the outset of the war the British sea service numbered 660 vessels of all kinds. But by November, 1918, this force had been increased to 1,581. Each unit kept exact records of the events and movements of every hour of the day in their logs, which never numbered fewer than six in current use, and often as many as fourteen in a flagship.

It is estimated that the total number of naval logs kept during the war approximates 1,500,000. But except in the preparation of narratives of the major actions recourse is not had to these original documents, for the salient points in each have been entered on cards for more easy reference. It has to be remembered, too, that telegrams passing in and out of the admiralty amounted to at least 1,000 daily, or 1,750,000 during the war. There were, besides, countless reports and Admiralty papers.

The records of the air service are only less formidable than those of the admiralty.

This vast mass of material at the disposal of the official historians has to be arranged and sifted by a staff of archival experts, one of whose tasks is to discard tons of papers dealing with matters of no permanent historical importance.

The authors appointed have the assistance of a small staff of technical specialists, including cartographers. The forty-volume history will be illustrated by hundreds of maps, plans, diagrams, sketches and charts, apart from photographs of the outer theatres of war without which it would be almost impossible to visualize the types of country in which the operations took place.

When once the narrative is committed to paper in chapter form it undergoes the minutest checking. Hundreds of copies are dispatched to officers who took part in the particular action dealt with, and after their criticisms and suggestions have been considered and, in many instances adopted, the chapters are forwarded to the appropriate service department for remarks. In one instance a chapter was submitted to 573 officers.

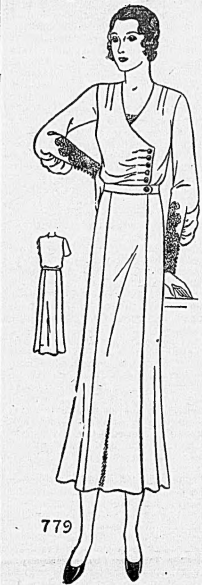
No other belligerent nation, it is asserted, can show such progress with their histories, although many are said to employ far larger staffs at much greater cost. Those who carp at the cost of the work are reminded that to date the expenditure represents, roughly, half an hour's expenditure by the British in warfare during the last year of the conflict. Besides producing this colossal war story, the historical section has to deal with thousands of inquiries from other department, regimental historians, staff colleges and the war graves commission, many of which require protected reference to the records. The circulation of draft chapters of the history entails alone the writing of 4,000 letters.

It was explained to this correspondent that even in 1914 steps were taken to collect and arrange the records as they were received for the subsequent compilation of the official histories, and the actual writing was begun in 1916. The number of records which have to be consulted is stu-

pendous. On the military side alone the historians have immediately at hand at least 30,000,000 sheets of documents and 95,000 maps. All of these are from the theatre of operations and do not include any of the multitude of "home" papers, such as war office files and the untold accumulation of other records.



By Ruth Rogers



IT'S SIMPLICITY ITSELF TO MAKE THIS CHARMING DAY DRESS

Here's an individual dress you'll just love for its interesting detail. It's cut rather along slenderizing lines, making it equally suited for the miss or the matron. The draped treatment of the bodice is very smart. And don't you think the puffed sleeves, tightened at the wrists adorable?

A satin crepe is stunning for to fashion it. You can also use rough crepe silk, which is extremely voguish. Wool crepe would also prove a charming medium.

Style No. 779 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 36-inch material with 3/4 yard of 36-inch all-over lace.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

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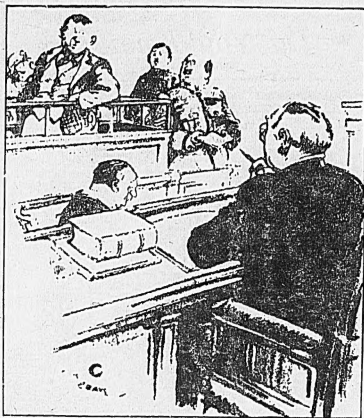
What Has Education Done?

Fails To Prepare the Mind For a Better Understanding Of the World

If modern Europe did not see that it was an impossibility to ask vast sums of a nation while it kept her from exporting goods, what had education been doing to prepare for an understanding of the world? Ordinary education simply did not equip millions of people to see what they are doing. If education does not change, there lies ahead some kind of dictatorship, possibly Fascism. This means the end for all of us.

What has education done when we all go ahead and intensify economic nationalism of all sorts, raise tariff barriers and refuse to disarm? When we see nations go the same destructive way, we must ask, What has education done?—Sir Norman Angell.

A rainbow is a "rain circle" if seen from an airplane.



MAGISTRATE: "Well, have you anything to say?" PRISONER: "Yus, Guv'nor. Children an' dawgs loves me."—The Passing Show, London.

Heroine To Fisher-Folk

Woman Missionary Has, Busy Life With Herring Fleet

Writing to the News-Chronicle from the Sailors' Home at Lowestoft, England, a correspondent tells of "the mother of the herring-fleet," Sister Wray, of the Scottish-Episcopal Mission to fisher-folk. "You must see her in some tiny boat in mid-winter, crossing the mad tumble of The Little Minch over to the Hebrides or tossing in the gales that whip the waters between the mainland and the Orkneys."

"Once at Stromsay, in the Orkneys, she had an SOS from 200 fisher-girls at Stromness on another island. There was no way of crossing for days, but a drifter skipper put out with her aboard and after eight hours Sister Wray reached the girls. Between 7.30 and 11 o'clock that evening she had treated 80 cases of wounds and septic poisoning among the girls who use the hunting knife."

"On another occasion she travelled with a dying fisherman from Stromsay to Kirkwall in a small craft in terrible weather. The boat struck a sandbank and through that trying time Sister Wray just stayed by the side of the stricken man and carried on her nursing. We meet the drifters in," she told me, "and sometimes I have to call on the wives and break bad news." Sister Wray's whole life is spent following the herring fleet through the stormy seas off the Scottish and East Coasts. "We just mother them," she said.

Would Make For Happiness

If People Could Get Rid Of Excess Mental Baggage

From a New Zealand lecturer comes an excellent and wise piece of advice. Miss Celia Enid Bates recently said: "We carry too much excess baggage in our minds; old failures, old unhappinesses, old hurts. If at the conclusion of each day, we emptied our minds of the ill, retaining only our happy experiences, we would not only sleep soundly, but a more positive and optimistic form of thought would be generated. Our faith in good would grow."

In private life, if this advice were followed, there would be fewer family and personal quarrels, and a higher, general level of happiness.

Some parrots have been known to live 60 years.

Specialist Declares Tuberculosis Curable

Sufferers Can Hope, For He Himself Has Recovered

Tuberculosis is a curable disease, visiting doctors were told by Dr. Frank Miller, of Los Angeles, a specialist in lung diseases, speaking before the Southwest Clinical Conference at Kansas City.

Dr. Miller said he spoke from experience when he told victims of this disease to look into the future with hope, as he himself has been cured of the disease.

The great majority of cases were amenable to treatment, he said, if the patient is willing to submit to the necessary treatment and to live carefully. And moreover, he declared, persons who have been pronounced cured of the disease are just as good risks, if not better, for life insurance companies than other persons. This Dr. Miller said, was because once having been stricken by poor health, they have learned how to care for themselves, and will not subject their bodies to the strains other persons will.

Dr. Miller does not put considerable stress on the supposed hereditary nature of the disease.

"Fifty per cent. of all persons have some kind of tuberculosis infection," he said, "but only about one-third of these ever become clinical cases."

The most important aid to successful treatment, the doctor said, was the early recognition of the symptoms, and prompt systematic treatment.

After once having been cured a person may live wherever he pleases, Dr. Miller said.

Prairie City Finances

Western Cities Have Controlled Expenditures Better Than Elsewhere

Once a research body became involved in politics its usefulness was lost, Dr. H. L. Brittain, of Toronto, director of the Citizens' Research Institute of Canada, told the Calgary taxpayers' research bureau. "Stay out of politics," was Dr. Brittain's warning to the Calgary body.

Dr. Brittain said it was the experience of his organization "that western cities generally, have controlled their expenditures better than any other Canadian cities."

Syrina's credit situation is improving.

Tree Planting Car Of The Canadian Forestry Association Completes Season's Work

Completing its season's work which during the past six months has taken it over 1,900 miles on the Canadian Pacific Railway Lines, in both Alberta and Saskatchewan, the tree planting car of the Canadian Forestry Association arrived in Regina recently, where the car will remain for the winter months.

Travelling over a large area of both southern Alberta and Saskatchewan, the car visited large districts where nature has not been kind during the past three, and even four years, where conditions have been better. In fact stops were made in all kinds. At every meeting held during the year, the increased interest being taken in tree planting, and home beautification, was most noticeable, stated Alan Beaven, in charge of the car. In Alberta the car visited 43 towns, held 85 meetings to 11,690 people. The tour in Saskatchewan covered a longer period, 90 towns being visited, 214 meetings held, with a total of 30,214 attending. The total number who were present for lectures was 41,904, and this exceeds by a large number, the record of any previous year, over the same period. At many stops a second meeting, after the regular evening one, was found necessary to accommodate all who came, many farming people driving from ten to fifteen miles from town.

A most encouraging feature, is the increased interest amongst the younger people. Without doubt they are becoming tree conscious. This promises a great deal for the future success of tree planting. Many of them called at the car, and others remained after the lecture, to ask questions, and secure information on many phases of the work. A few years ago this was unusual. Mr. Beaven tells of one young boy, who rode in 7 miles on horseback to be prepared for the meeting, bringing with him his available assets, amounting to 10 cents. His worry, that this amount, all he said that he had, would not be sufficient to gain him admittance, was quickly changed, to anything but worry, on learning that he would not only see the programme, but still retain his money.

Amongst the older people, the confirmed believer of a few years ago, in the impossibility of having success with trees, has disappeared. Many still have the problems, of the necessary time, and labour, required to build up belts, as well as, other drawbacks to contend with, but all are sympathetic, and aware of the many advantages. One man and his wife drove in 12 miles to secure information, at the car, unable to remain for the meeting, they said that they had found out what they wanted, and that their trip had been well worth while. The open discussion period, at the end of the lecture, has become a popular feature, and many valuable points are expressed by experienced and successful tree planters. Many, a number of years in certain districts, who previously have done nothing to beautify or protect their homes, stated their intention of making a start. Two from points widely apart, one on the Soo Branch, the other near Calgary, had been in their districts 25 years, and had made no attempt to build up a permanent home. We have lost a lot of time, they both said, but next year a start will be made.

For a month the car travelled through the southern border of the parkland areas, and here been interested in the troubles of the southern Prairie Farmer. Strange as it may sound, over large areas, which when settled was bush country, soil-drift is becoming a major problem. Most of these people, are now, well aware of their mistake, and are not only doing considerable planting, but allowing, very wisely, trees to again take over many acres of non-agricultural land.

The last three, and even four years, in many districts, has not been kind to the planting of trees. During this time, it has been a most difficult thing to keep many of our older trees alive, and almost impossible to set out new ones, and expect them to grow. But it is under just such conditions, that we have been having, that trees can do so much for us. It is not surprising at all, that in these districts, we have lost large numbers of trees, but absolutely amazing, the large numbers which are still alive. As the car travelled between Shaunavon and Assiniboia many fine belts were to be seen, in which no loss of life had taken place. The same applies to many other plantings. That trees have come through, under conditions which have made it impossible for the farmer to raise one blade of wheat and wheat is well known for its hardiness proves that we have trees that can stand the hardest knocks the Prairie has to offer. The ones which died out in such large numbers have been the willows, poplar, and maple, quick growing trees, but ones that are unable to withstand our periodic severe conditions. These trees have their place, for quick protection, for fuel, and fence-posts, and planting around low spots, or dug-outs, but have no place in permanency. The ash, elm and the evergreens, and of course caragana, have come through with flying colours. Not only have they been able to live, but in even the worst drought areas, they have even been able to grow. That we have trees of this type, places tree planting for the future on a very sound basis. The future planter may use them with complete confidence. The future success of tree planting on the Prairies is assured.

Famous Cow Path

Valuable Property In Chicago Can Be Used For No Other Purpose

A cow and her calf actually went down the world's most famous cow path in Chicago recently.

While puzzled citizens wondered what it was all about, bossy and her offspring posed for photographers in the concrete-paved path under a sky-scraper at 109 West Monroe Street. The cow and the calf did their stunt to advertise the International Livestock Exposition.

The path is 177 feet long, 10 feet wide, and worth \$177,000.

When William Jones sold the surrounding tract in 1833, he reserved the right to use the path for his cows. He made his reservations so binding that the path remains, even though no cow had trod it, for 50 years. A 22-storey building is on the site, utilizing air rights above the path.

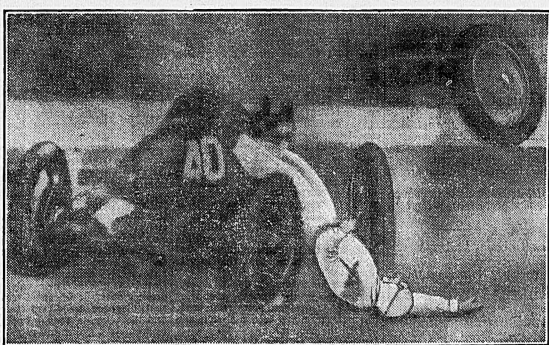
Long Distance Vision

From an altitude of 21,000 feet, an aerial photograph was made recently which covers 200 miles of territory. The picture was taken from a point 10 miles south of the Golden Gate, and shows both San Francisco and Mount Shasta, which are 250 miles apart, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. It was made by army air corps photographers who utilized the invisible infra-red light through a special filter.

Pilgrims Are Generous

Six enormous diamonds have been added to the splendid frame of brilliant which encircle the famous picture known as the Madonna of Pompei. The huge church at Naples, Italy, which is built in honor of the picture has been crowded with pilgrims most of whom gave their mite towards buying the new diamond.

The temperature of Venus is thought to be about 10 degrees below zero. Fahrenheit, both day and night.



Frank Sues probably wouldn't give a thin dime for his chances, nor would anyone else who witnessed this scene, when this photograph was made during an auto race at Los Angeles. The car in which Sues was travelling at terrific speed is shown in the remarkable "shot" as it cast two wheels, throwing the driver out of the cockpit, Sues said 50 feet across the track in the path of oncoming cars, but miraculously escaped injury. A few minutes later he was at the pits looking for another car to drive.

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 size large 10-12 can, only \$1.00.
 Beware of cheap imitations.
 Write for direct prices to
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 178 W. Market St. E. Winnipeg
 (Dealers and Agents Wanted)

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Robert, Sloane Gourlay, 81, piano manufacturer and for years one of Toronto's outstanding business men, died recently in this eastern city.

Charles W. Lindsay, Montreal business man and philanthropist, has been made honorary life member of Montreal Kiwanis Club, an honor shared only by the Prince of Wales.

Preparation of the report of Major-General D. C. Ormond, Dominion superintendent of penitentiaries, into the riots at Portsmouth penitentiary is under way.

Between Calgary and Red Deer in the north about 40 per cent. of this year's wheat crop remains unthreshed due to winter's early advent. This wheat still remains in stock.

A resolution urging the Dominion government to restore the old rate of relief to men receiving less than \$30 a month pension, was passed at a meeting of the Disabled Veterans' Association at Vancouver.

Plans for a solo flight from England to Cape Town in two and one-half days are being made by Victor Smith, flying 19-year-old South African, who recently completed a flight to London from Cape Town.

For the first time in history New Zealand will have no Rhodes scholars to send to Oxford this year. The selection committee examined five possible candidates but concluded by making no awards.

Ten weeks of motorcycleing in which he covered 12,000 miles and crossed Canada from Montreal to Vancouver, ended at Montreal as J. Graham Oates, motorcycleist extraordinary from the Isle of Man, prepared to return home.

Pressure has been dropping at an alarming rate in Turner Valley gas field, according to a member of the Alberta gas conservation board which has completed tests in the area with a view to reducing production and thereby prolonging the field's life.

Premier Herriot and Ambassador Dovgalevsky of Soviet Russia, have signed the new Franco-Russian pact of non-aggression and conciliation. This is the first such treaty which Russia has completed with one of the great powers.

British Peers Frugal Eaters

Tea is Chief Meal According to Official Caterer

Sausages and mash is one of the favorite dishes of the British peerage, according to R. C. Vaughan, who has supplied meals to members of the House of Lords for the past twelve years.

"As a rule," he says, "the richer and the longer line aged peers are frugal feeders. Sausages and mash, cottage pie, or stew at 35c. are their favorites."

"There is very little originality about the tastes of the hereditary legislators. Tea is actually their chief meal in the House. And they sure make a meal of it, top—without it is not surprising when you consider that a large pot of tea, with unlimited hot water, toast, bread and butter, cream, jams and cake, costs 24c."

Vaughan has catered for meals for five monarchs. He regards King George as having the simplest tastes, ex-King Alfonso as the greatest gourmet, and the ex-Kaiser as the most difficult to please.

Now Comes Synthetic Ivory

For centuries billiard balls have been laboriously turned by hand from natural ivory. Few workmen could produce accurate spheres. Billiard balls of synthetic ivory, which are made with mathematical accuracy, were exhibited this year at the Leipzig fair and are claimed to be superior to the old form. They assure more accurate play, besides being fracture proof and indestructible.

JOIN SONGWRITERS CLUB

Here you may find a home for all your songs for children, adult, commercial revision, and publishing.

CANADA MUSIC PUBLISHING CO., 423 Selkirk Ave., Winnipeg.

SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE

LADIES WANTED TO DO LIGHT sewing at home; good pay; work sent charges paid. National Manufacturing Co., Dept. 84, Montreal.

W. N. U. 1971

Splendid Gift to Plymouth

Settlement Founded By Lord and Lady Astor New City Property

Another splendid gift to Plymouth from Lord and Lady Astor is announced. This comprises the social settlement and institution known as Virginia House, which Lord Astor has decided to hand over to the city.

The Virginia House Settlement, which was founded by Lord and Lady Astor many years ago, is situated amid old slum property and close to the spot where Katherine of Aragon spent her first night on English soil when she came to marry Henry VIII. It has become a most successful centre for all manner of social, recreational, educational and religious purposes, and the buildings comprise a large hall, classrooms, gymnasium, kitchens, library and so forth.

The most recent addition, opened by Lady Astor is a large nursery at the Lower St. side of the settlement. It is equipped, among other things, with five or six rocking horses, several dolls' houses, go-carts, perambulators and other similar things dear to the hearts of children, some 50 of whom may be found there on any night of the five nights of the week on which the nursery is open to them.

Opening New Trade Route

For Operation Between Canada and Points In Far East

With the object of increasing direct trade between Canada and certain portions of the British Empire in the Far East as well as the Netherlands East Indies, arrangements have been made by the Department of Trade and Commerce and a group of steamship lines operating between Java and the Atlantic seaboard to provide a monthly steamship service operating between Halifax and Egypt, Ceylon, British Malaya and also Java in the Netherlands East Indies.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



A DARLING LINEN GUMFEE DRESS WITH DAINY BLOUSE—ELEGANT OF DIGNITY

A French blue linen made the original. The blouse was white dimity with blue dots.

Don't you adore the way the bodice of the dress fastens at the sides? The buttons were in matching shade. Inverted plaits provide the necessary width to the skirt.

Besides linen, firmly woven cottons can also be used for the overdress as pique and tweed effects.

It's so simple to make it. It is so decidedly individual. And it will cost you next to nothing.

Style No. 440 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 10 requires 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch plain material. It's very smart in wool crepe, tobacco brown with novelty wool crepe blouse in orange-red and brown tones.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

+ Do You Know? +



—Photograph Canadian National Railways

—THAT in certain sections of rural Quebec in the summer time housewives do their baking in primitive ovens built in the yard or by the road side? The photograph, made near Gaspé in the Lower St. Lawrence district, shows a housewife taking a pan of bread from such an oven.

Theory Of French Doctor

Believes Sleeping With Head To North Prevents Insomnia

A French physician comes forward with the theory that people suffering from insomnia will sleep better and be in a much better condition the next day, if they sleep with the head to the north and the feet to the south. Magnetic currents he maintains, flow from the north to the south, and will thus pass easily and freely through the body and produce quiet rest. If they pass across the body he believes they will cause nervousness and irritation, prevent sleep and produce a feeling of restlessness and lassitude the following day.

Japan is now the leading purchaser of American motorcycles.

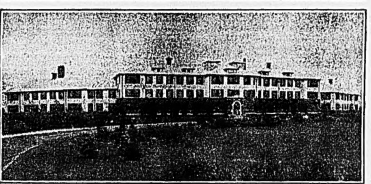
Supported By The Law

British Police Know They Have Authority Back Of Them

The British policeman is backed up by the law far more effectively than officers in some countries. When he makes an arrest there are not a thousand loopholes in the criminal law by which an unscrupulous lawyer can free his man. There are not a lot of criminals who go untouched because they have influence. The British policeman very truly represents "the majesty of the law." He does not, as a usual thing, need to carry a weapon with him.

Seven of the sons of Moulay Ismael, emperor of Morocco from 1672 to 1727, assumed the title of emperor.

Christmas Seal Sale PROVIDES FUNDS FOR Fight Against Tuberculosis



THE SASKATOON SANATORIUM

One of three similar institutions operated by the Saskatchewan Anti-Tuberculosis League. The others are located at Fort St. James and Prince Albert, and all are equipped to provide the most effective treatment known to medical science for coping with this dread disease. Approximately 750 patients are under constant treatment at these three centres, but thanks to the preventive work rendered possible by the sale of Christmas Seals, the death rate from tuberculosis was lower and the number of new cases less in 1931 than in the previous year. During the last ten years the death rate among the white population of Saskatchewan has been reduced from 40 to 28 per 100,000 population. In the year 1931 Canada dug 7,627 graves for tuberculosis patients, and in the same period Saskatchewan dug 335 graves. When we figure out the cost of these tuberculosis deaths, taking into consideration travelling expenses to the Sanatorium, one year's illness in the Sanatorium, one year's loss wages, and the funeral expenses, we find that there is well over \$22,000.00 of a loss with each death. Multiply this by the number of deaths during 1931 and you have three-quarters of a million dollars for Saskatchewan alone. And we must remember that this loss is preventable.

Prevention means earlier discovery, less spread of the disease, a shorter period of treatment, more recovery, less new cases and less suffering and cost to the community.

Treatment is provided for out of taxes, and in Saskatchewan today, the Rural and Urban Municipalities are called upon to make their contribution while the Provincial Government also pays its proportion. The tuberculosis levy charged to the municipalities in Saskatchewan, both rural and

urban, in 1930 amounted to \$575,574.00. The levy in 1932 was \$436,322.00—a reduction of \$139,252.00 in 1932 over 1930. The per diem cost in 1929 was \$3.02; in 1930, \$2.92; in 1931, \$2.65; and the estimated cost for 1932 is \$2.55.

This, however, is not enough and, if the disease is to be stamped out, preventive work must be carried on. There is no assistance given by the municipalities, or by the Government, to do preventive work. The sale of Christmas seals provides the revenue for this purpose. The old saying "prevention is better than cure" applies with particular force in this connection. Preventive work is the most important phase of anti-tubercular work and this is financed by voluntary contributions. As a result of the sale of Christmas Seals last year, 6,914 persons in Saskatchewan received examination or other attention. The money raised by the sale of Christmas Seals helps finance the care of new-born babies whose mothers were tubercular; helps pay for the examination of patients; helps finance the examination of those suspected by their physicians of having tuberculosis, and helps carry on an educational campaign.

Letters have been mailed to residents of every community in Saskatchewan containing sheets of Christmas Seals. Their value is one dollar a sheet—one cent a seal. These seals brighten up letters and parcels and the revenue they bring in helps to promote a great and necessary humanitarian work. Because the times are difficult the need for preventive work is greater than ever and the Anti-Tuberculosis League confidently relies upon the generosity of the people of Saskatchewan to enable it to meet whatever demands may be made upon it during the coming year.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 11

THE CHRISTIAN'S USE OF LEISURE

Golden Text: "Whether therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God."—1 Corinthians 10:31

Lesson: Leviticus 23:30-43; Nehemiah 8:18-19; Zechariah 8:3; Matthew 11:18-19; Mark 6:30-32; 1 Corinthians 10:23-25

Devotional Reading: Philippians 4:4-9

Explanations and Comments

A Time of Great Gladness Nehemiah 8:10-11—"The people had not known the requirements of the Law, and they wept when they realized how they had transgressed them. The priests circles would be in possession of traditions, usages, and even written documents, but such knowledge was clearly not the possession of the people."—J. E. McFadyen.

Nehemiah the governor, Ezra the priest, and the Levites comforted the people, saying: "This day is holy unto Jehovah your God; mourn not, nor weep." The day was holy because it was the day of the new moon and of the blowing of trumpets, and also because of the reading of the Law. It was an 11-men to use words or signs of lamentation on a feast day, Hab. 2:20. "Go your way, eat the fat and drink the sweet [that is, do not fast nor mourn] and send portions unto him for whom nothing is prepared."

"The best way to create joy in our own hearts is to set ourselves to create it in others. In every circle there are many who look across a desolate world, which has no reassuring smile, no greeting voice, no loving or loyal heart. Look out for these. They hide for the most part like wounded game in the thicket. Go forth to be a joy-bringer to such."—F. B. Meyer.

"Neither be ye grieved," the speaker concluded, "for the joy of Jehovah is your strength." The prepositional, "in," signifies a causative force: it is a joy that he found in God; in God we have to seek it. "Holy joy" is the oil to the wheels of your obedience."—Matthew Henry.

"And does not joy make us strong? What nimbleless joy gives to the feet? The sad heart wearies in a mile, the joyful heart is fresh and exuberant at the end of the tenth mile. If, then, the joy of the Lord is a man's strength, it must be his bounden duty to cultivate it, and, with God's help enlarge it. The man is sinful as well as weak, and he must be free from sorrow and depression."—J. H. Jowett.

A Time For Rest and Communion, Mark 6:30-32—"For several weeks the disciples had been off on a mission tour. Upon their return they rejoined Jesus at his well-known spot on the western shore of the Sea of Galilee, probably at Capernaum, and reported all they had done and all they had taught. They had been under a great strain, their experience had been exciting and exhausting, and Jesus proposed that they all go away for a short rest. Capernaum was crowded with pilgrims on their way to the Passover at Jerusalem. Crowds collected about them. They must find a secluded spot to be alone. They entered their boat and started for a "desert place" on the eastern shore of the Lake (as Jesus tells us), near Bethsaida (as told by Luke). By a "desert place" is not meant an arid waste, but a lonely place, a spot far from the haunts of men.

"The whole spirit of the teaching of Jesus seems to sanction leisure, for, after all, the joys of recreation as well as of work."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHOCOLATE MACAROONS

1 cup sugar.
 1/4 teaspoon salt.
 2 egg whites, stiffly beaten.
 1 can coconut, Southern style.
 1 1/2 squares unsweetened chocolate, melted.
 1/2 teaspoon vanilla.
 Combine sugar and salt. Fold gradually into egg whites. Fold in coconut, chocolate, and vanilla. Drop from teaspoon on greased baking sheet. Bake in slow oven (275 degrees Fahrenheit) 20 minutes. Makes 2 dozen macaroons.

SWEET POTATO PONE

2 cups cooked and seasoned sweet potatoes, mashed.
 2 tablespoons brown sugar.
 1/4 cup hot water.
 1 cup crumbled ginger snaps.
 2 tablespoons butter.
 Put sweet potatoes in buttered pudding dish and sprinkle with sugar. Over this pour hot water. Crumble ginger snaps and mix with softened butter. Spread over top of prepared potatoes. Bake in a hot oven (425 degrees Fahrenheit) 20 minutes. Six portions.

Needles and Pins

A quarter of a million dollars worth of needles and pins must be quite a stack. The quantity sent to the United Kingdom in the last five months was valued at \$262,430, a considerable increase over the \$160,184 worth in the same period last year. Presumably almost all of these were pins.

You can cook Vegetables AT ONCE



in the same saucepan by using CANAPAR

Do each vegetable up in its own bag of Canapar Cooking Parchment. There won't be any odor, not even from cauliflower. All the food value and flavor will be retained. And you use only one burner turned low for cooking. The flavors will not mix!

Do the same with boiled or steamed fish. You'll be delighted with the results. No fishy odor in the kitchen. No saucepan or kettle to clean up. When roasting meat, line your pan with Canapar. Fat and juices won't burn. No more scraping or scouring of the pan afterwards.

You can use Canapar repeatedly by simply rinsing it off and hanging up to dry. It doesn't absorb odors. Makes a perfect dish cloth. Silky, strong, and doesn't spread lint. Made by the makers of the famous PARASANT Heavy Waxed Paper in the Great Britain.

Special Offer

Most grocers, druggists and department stores have Canapar in sale, but if yours hasn't, send this coupon direct to the makers and we'll give you a new and unique booklet entitled "Leftovers", containing one hundred recipes as a bonus for your trouble.

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An Effective Background

World's Grain Show Building Beautiful Setting For Exhibits

The World's Grain Show Building is gradually giving promise of the very beautiful background that will be afforded to the exhibits of grains and grasses from all parts of the world at the congress to be held in Regina next year. Long rows of gorgeous red pillars will be topped by a frieze of feathery grains patterned to bring out the contrasts of rich yellow wheats with the dark green of the brown grasses or the pale tint of the ripe oats against the bronze of the flax.

Along the ceiling, each electric light fixture is set into a formal design likewise done in contrasting tones of plants while just below the ceiling is a mural showing Canadian industries. The immense spaces of this great building are being divided up into exhibit stalls for this and that country and state.

One corner is set aside for a great replica of the E. P. Ranch at High River. The back curtain is already in place and the rivers, and main geographic features of the ranch are already outlined on the floor, while the mountains are painted into the background.

The work was pushed as rapidly as possible before it got too cold for the workmen to stay there. It would require a forest fire to heat the place sufficiently for comfortable working in the winter time. A score of girls who are engaged making the designs for the pillars and walls have been moved to an office upstairs.

In the centre of the long hall is a canopied spot where the champions of all classes will be displayed.

Emergency Airports

New airports will be constructed and existing landing facilities improved along the Cape of Good Hope to Cairo, Egypt, air route. It is planned to provide airports or emergency fields every 20 miles in Southern Rhodesia and at intervals of some 50 miles between the Transvaal border and Tanganyika.

Auntie Up-To-Date

A young man who had spent a week-end motoring was retelling his experience to an elderly aunt.

"It was a jolly change except on one occasion when I encountered a damp inn," he said.

"Oh!" said the aunt severely, "I presume the inn—er—went through one of your tires?"

BRITAIN MAY PLACE BAN ON U. S. IMPORTS

London.—The new British note to the United States on war debts contains a carefully worded, but none the less significant, warning that if the United States insists upon payment of the December 15 instalment the United Kingdom will be forced to take measures restricting imports of American goods.

It is emphasized in high government circles that while in the new note the British argument is fully stated and supported by facts and figures, the greatest care has been taken to put it into unprovocative form. But the note deals in no uncertain terms with the relative experiences of Britain and the United States so far as war debts are concerned.

Special attention is paid to the United States declaration that suspension of payments at this time would merely thrust the burden on the United States taxpayer. The brief and uncolored recital of the British taxpayers' efforts will probably come as a surprise to the American public which, it is felt, has been inclined to believe that if the war debts were cancelled the British taxpayer would emerge on an even keel, if not actually in pocket.

The reference to restriction of imports from the United States points out that consequent on the United States tariff the United Kingdom's power to send goods to America has diminished, and the total trade of the two countries has been seriously reduced.

Resumption of the war debt payments would necessitate the United Kingdom taking measures to restrict imports of United States goods, especially of farm products, the note declares. And it emphasizes that, as the United Kingdom is America's best customer, the results "could not fail to be unpleasant."

The interests of both the United States and Great Britain, the note stresses, lie in co-operation for a revival of world trade. Insistence upon the war debts payments would further disrupt the world's economic machinery and add to the burden of both countries.

Mine Gas Kills Five

Seventeen Others Escaped to Surface When Explosion Occurred

River Hebert, N.S.—After damp, dread scourge of the mining men, claimed the lives of five men on the lower level of Maple Leaf No. 4 colliery, two miles from this town.

Seventeen others who were working in the mine when the gas exploded escaped uninjured to the surface.

The five bodies were recovered by a rescue crew organized after the explosion. They bore no marks of injury, and mine officials said they believed the men had been overcome by "after damp."

Honor Calgary Man

Atlantic City, N.J.—Dr. W. Herbert McCullin, of Calgary, Alta., was named president-elect of the Radiological Society of America at the closing business session of its 18th annual meeting here. Dr. McCullin will take office at the close of the 1933 convention which will be held in Chicago.

Prince Has Wireless In Car

London.—The Prince of Wales has had a wireless set built into one of his cars so that he will be able to listen to broadcast music as he travels. The set is not a portable, but is built into the car in a box concealed under the foot-rests for passengers in the rear seats. The aerial is hidden in the roof.

Bank Manager Recovering

London.—Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, vice-president and director of the Bank of Montreal, who has been suffering from accidental poisoning, hopes to be sufficiently recovered shortly and will sail with Lady Williams-Taylor for Nassau, Bahamas, where they will spend the winter.

Alberta Farmers Institute Boycott Huxley, Alta.—Three hundred farmers of the Elkhorn Huxley district have declared a boycott on sheriff and tax sales and pledged themselves to refrain from delivering grain to market unless higher prices than at present prevailing were paid.

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Canada Big Winner

Dominion Captures Eight Titles at Chicago Grain Show

Chicago.—As the awards in the international livestock exposition and the hay and grain show began to pile up, it was found that the Dominion has annexed eight crowns out of a possible 15, and scored heavily in all classes entered.

Vernon, British Columbia, turned in the biggest upset of the show when M. S. Middleton, captured the crown for the best sample of rye in the show, forcing the favorite, Albert Robbins, of Laura, Sask., to second place.

In the durum wheat competitions, George Avery, of Kelso, Sask., scheduled to take the crown, was forced to second place by the showing of T. E. Smith's samples which later took the reserve championships to Herman Trelle's winning sample of hard red spring wheat.

Alberta led in the capturing of the coveted crowns with Herman Trelle secured the most important honor in the show—the grain championship—for the fourth time, while three other Albertans scored, Fred Hann, of Goodfame, taking the oats crown, Fred Ohman taking the crown for alfalfa seed, west, which was the best of both divisions, and Eric Anderson, of Wembley, who took the Timothy crown.

For Saskatchewan, George Avery, of Kelso, won the flax honors and has taken two seconds to date in the exhibits he has entered. Ontario has taken two crowns, field peas and the other in field beans.

Benefit to Children

Claim Salmon Oil Twice as Potent as Cod Liver Oil

Washington.—A new aid to health of children, discovery that salmon oil is twice as potent as cod liver oil in fighting the widespread childhood disease of rickets was announced by the United States Children's bureau.

Salmon oil contains twice as much vitamin D, the vitamin necessary to prevent and cure rickets, as does cod liver oil, until now the best known anti-rickets medicine.

The experiments were carried out with material supplied from Vancouver by H. R. Beard, in charge of research work for the Canadian Fishing Company, Limited.

Worth the Money

Russian Citizens Must Pay Stiff Price to Leave Country

Moscow.—Russian citizens are to be allowed to leave the country if they can pay the stiff price in foreign currency.

The government tourist agency announces it will accept orders for visas from individuals who desire to leave Russia for permanent residence abroad. The cost, to be paid in foreign currency, is 500 rubles for workers and 1,000 rubles for all other classes. The rule is nominally worth 50 cents in Canadian funds.

The foreigner will get his outgoing visa for the same charge assessed by his country against a Soviet passport.

Accidental Shooting

Grand Falls, N.B.—Thinking he was aiming at a bear, Rev. E. Parkinson, rector of St. Ansgar church at Salmonhurst, N.B., fired. Donald McDonald, 20, Anfield, N.B., fell fatally wounded. The bullet passed through his body and stunned his younger brother, Neil, whose head was grazed.

Had New Fraud Scheme

Sault Ste. Marie.—Relief officials checking up relief lists here discovered a Russian living in the east and had secured relief for five months for a family of five children living in Russia. He will be prosecuted.

Captured Oats Title

Fred Hann Had Three Years' Experience With Hermann Trelle

Beaver Lodge, Alta.—Fred Hann, farmer of the Goodfame district, 25 miles west of Beaver Lodge, who captured the oats championship at the Chicago grain exposition, had three years' experience under the wing of Hermann Trelle, of Wembley, Alta., wheat king of the Chicago exhibition and noted agriculturist.

Hann lives on a homestead on Steep Creek. He is a Dane from the German province of Holstein and spent three years as a prisoner of war in France when captured by the French during a raid. He came to this district five years ago after spending three years in the employ of Trelle.

The sample of oats with which he captured the Chicago crown came from a ten-acre field which produced 100 bushels to the acre and had a stand of 5 1-2 feet. The average weight was 57 pounds to the bushel.

NEW RULE TO BAR WINNERS AT CHICAGO SHOW

Chicago.—Under a new rule adopted by the management of the International Hay and Grain Show, after an exhibitor has won the highest award obtaining in a crop contest three times, he will then be considered a "super-crop" man and barred from competition for three years before he can again compete in the class in which he won the crown.

This applies to any exhibitor whether he has had consecutive wins or the laurels spread over a number of years.

The new rule will mean that Herman Trelle, Wembley wheat king, a four-time champion, will not be able to compete in the winning wheat classes again until 1936, and it will also bar Mrs. Mary E. Maycock, of Milford, Ont., who for three years has annexed the blue ribbon for the champion sample of beans with her navy exhibit.

In announcing the adoption of the new rule, M. S. Parkinson, superintendent of the show, stated it is to encourage and give new and green exhibitors a better chance to score in the larger prizes.

The new rule, despite the consistent victories of Dominion exhibitors, is not, it was clearly stated, aimed at Canadian entrants but applies to all, including C. E. Troyer of Lafontaine, Ind., who won the crown for the best corn in the show. It was his third premier honor and he will be barred till 1936.

Saskatchewan Winners

University Captures Honors at Ottawa Winter Fair

Ottawa.—University of Saskatchewan and National Breweries divided honors in the percheron classes at the Ottawa winter fair. Leo Mangus 2nd, owned by the Brewery, was declared grand champion percheron stallion and senior champion. The University's Romulus is reserve grand and reserve senior champion.

Highest honors for percheron mares went to the University of Saskatchewan on Charlotte, who won the grand and senior championships.

Conference of Premiers

Ottawa.—Tuesday, January 17, is tentatively proposed as the date for the Dominion-provincial conference on unemployment and allied problems. The premiers of all the provinces are being communicated with on the subject of the date.

NEW FIELD MARSHAL



The Earl of Cavan, who has been appointed Field Marshal, the highest rank in the British Army, succeeding the late Lord Methuen. The Earl of Cavan is 67 years of age and served throughout the South African and the Great Wars. Lord Cavan was aide-de-camp to Lord Stanley, Governor-General of Canada, from 1891 to 1893.

Speedy Return To Penny Postage Unlikely

British Postmaster-General Declares It Easy Form of Taxation

London.—Little hope of a speedy return to the penny post was held out by Sir Kingsley Wood, postmaster-general, when he referred to post office developments at a luncheon given by the Incorporated Secretaries' association at the Cannon street Station restaurant, E.C. As postmaster-general, he said, he would naturally like to see a return to the penny post, but he could not recognize that there was much in the contention that the £6,000,000 which the extra half-penny on the letter produced was probably less burdensome than any other form of taxation of similar yield, while the cost of collection was nil.

The state was certainly entitled to receive from the post office adequate payments in lieu of income tax and for the monopoly which was given to it.

British War Debt

Stated That Britain Will Pay Instalment to U.S. on Dec. 15

London.—The Morning Post says it had learned authoritatively that Great Britain has decided to pay its December 15 war debt instalment to United States.

Final details of the arrangement were presented to a cabinet meeting for ratification. The amount involved is \$95,550,000.

Informed quarters expected the document might prove to be the most important since the war era so far as Great Britain is concerned, since it will review the whole range of inter-governmental obligations as well as the immediate debt instalment.

Would Keep Einstein From Entering U.S.

Woman Patriot Corporation Send Request to State Department

Washington.—A demand was served upon the state department that Albert Einstein, of relatively fame, be barred from the United States as an undesirable alien.

The Woman Patriot Corporation, through Mrs. Randolph Frothingham, of Brookline, Mass., the president, sponsored the request, charging that Einstein is "affiliated with more anarchist and communist groups than Joseph Stalin himself."

To Curtail Production

Farm Seeding Strike Proposed by Alberta Farmers

Runsey, Alta.—Strong support is being given the call of Runsey district farmers for a wheat seeding strike next spring, according to reports reaching leading farmers in the movement.

Letters of support from members of various locals of the United Farmers of Alberta were submitted at a meeting of the Runsey local, and one report said 100 locals of the farm organization favored the strike.

Official recognition by farm organizations has not yet been given the strike. The Alberta wheat pool discussed the proposal but declined action and the plan will be debated when the annual convention of the United Farmers of Alberta is held in Calgary in January.

Edmonton Flyers Injured

Ice Forming on Wings of Machine Caused Crash

Edmonton, Alta.—Grant McCulloch, Edmonton pilot, suffered a broken leg and other injuries, while his mechanic, Christopher Green, was hurt less seriously, escaping with a bad shaking up, when their aeroplane crashed a few moments after taking off from the city airport.

Ice forming on the wings of the plane caused the crash. The machine was badly damaged.

GAS EXPLOSION CREATES HAVOC IN MONTREAL

Montreal.—Ten persons trapped in a three-story dwelling here was rescued, and firemen were satisfied that a disastrous series of explosions in sewers and gas main of the north end of the city had claimed no lives.

The building collapsed when a terrific explosion occurred in the main directly beneath it. Ten persons were trapped but firemen and internes from the city hospitals dived into the wreckage and pulled out the family of Frederick Verrelles and a family named Caron.

They were taken to hospital suffering from cuts, bruises and burns but were not seriously injured.

Altogether some 20 people were injured as the explosions ripped through one street after another, damaging miles of sewers and tearing up miles of street paving in an area 10 blocks long by eight blocks wide.

The district affected is bounded by DeFeurmont street, St. Lawrence boulevard, Jean Talon street and St. Hubert street. Damage estimates could not be gauged early, but the disaster meant work for thousands of unemployed in effecting repairs.

The cause of the disaster was unknown. The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Consolidated issued an official statement advancing the theory that the first explosion was caused by a sewer explosion of gasoline or other inflammable material and that the blast broke a gas main.

More than 100,000 huddled terror-stricken in their homes for three hours as the explosions roared out one after another, ripped up paving, smashed windows and culminated in the collapse of the three-story building which immediately caught fire. The building is situated at the corner of DeFeurmont and St. Valier streets.

A manhole at the intersection of St. Denis and Belanger streets shot 20 feet into the air. A terrific roar followed. Sheets of flame belched from manholes for three-quarters of a mile and the district was covered with a pall of greasy, black smoke.

That was the beginning of the city's worst sewer explosion disaster. For the next three hours, blast after blast struck more and more fear into the hearts of a sixth of the city's population.

All over Montreal the blasts could be heard. Firemen from 22 stations rushed to the district. Over 200 police were concentrated in the area. Ambulances clanged. So great was the danger of wholesale panic that advice was broadcast warning the people to stay at home and be calm.

Heat in the district was terrific as flames were shooting 20 to 30 feet high from all the manholes. Not one house on Belanger street from St. Hubert to St. Lawrence, 12 city blocks, had a window pane intact. The whole area affected was in total darkness shortly after the first explosion, and all traffic was tied up in hopeless confusion until police could straighten it out.

INFLATION OF CURRENCY IS SOUGHT BY U.F.O.

Toronto.—The United Farmers of Ontario at their annual convention here voted to become affiliated with the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation headed by J. S. Woodsword, Winnipeg Labor member of parliament.

Miss Agnes MacPhail, Progressive member of parliament, and William Irvine, United Farmers of Alberta member, spoke strongly in favor of the affiliation.

The U.F.O. decided to maintain its own identity, however.

Instant action by the Canadian government for the inflation of currency is sought by the United Farmers of Ontario, who telegraphed Premier Bennett as follows:

"Representative mass meeting of Ontario farmers demand immediate inflation to point where prices of farm products shall be sufficient to meet fixed charges, restore purchasing power and maintain decent standards of living. Present desperate conditions make such action imperative."

In addition, the United Farmers will take the lead in circulating throughout the rural sections of the province, petitions which ultimately will be placed before the government to the same end.

Led by Miss Agnes MacPhail, member of parliament for Southeast Grey, the convention thrashed out the currency question thoroughly. Inability of farmers to pay their debts under the present prices was given by numerous speakers for the desirability for inflation.

"I want inflation and the issue of currency against our resources and goods and I don't want it done through the chartered banks of Canada," Miss MacPhail declared. "You wouldn't follow Australia, Argentina and Great Britain. Now you must follow them or you will be starving. Now I hope you will show some united action. Move at once, aggressively, into the task of constructing a new social order."

Dominion-Provincial Parley

January 17 Has Been Selected as The Opening Date

Ottawa.—Tuesday, January 17, has been fixed definitely as the date for the opening of the Dominion-Provincial conference on unemployment and allied problems. Official announcement of this date was made by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett.

Telegrams have been received from each of the premiers of the several provinces; and all provinces, it is stated, will be represented at the opening of the parley.

Contributory social insurance will be one of the major subjects on the agenda.

London Market Has Poultry From Prairies

Consignment of Fresh Killed Fowl Sent From Winnipeg

London.—A fine showing in the famous Smithfield meat market, in the heart of London, of Canadian products attracted the Canadian High Commissioner and Mrs. Howard Ferguson.

It was the first consignment ever sent here of fresh-killed frozen turkeys and chickens which had been sent by the poultry pool, of Winnipeg, Man.

The meat will likely obtain about 16 pence a pound, including cost, insurance and freight.

Boy Scout Movement Grows

Ottawa.—An increase in the registered enrolment of Boy Scouts and Scout leaders to over 60,000, and a substantial growth of interest amongst French-Canadian boys, were shown by the reports presented at a meeting of the executive committee of the Canadian General Council of the Boy Scouts' association, presided over by the governor-general, as chief scout for Canada.

Radio Appointments

Ottawa.—E. A. Weir, Montreal, director of radio for the Canadian National Railways, has been named technical manager for the new Canadian radio broadcasting commission, and B. C. Buchanan, president of the parliamentary press gallery and Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Saturday Night, has been named publicity chief for the commission.



The machinery to fix representation in the House of Commons for the next 10 years has been set in motion and a committee has been formed to define constituency boundaries and distribute representation. Above are five members of the Committee, as follows, left to right J. R. MacNicol, Hon. Charles Stewart, A. A. Heaps, Hon. J. C. Elliot, and Hon. R. J. Manion.

A Business Revival

Babson Statistical Organization Sees Improved Conditions

"A business revival is actually in the making. The present low-water mark of business activity cannot long endure. You will be well on the road to recovery before the great mass of people realize it," was the message brought to Canadian business men by Ralph B. Wilson, vice-president of the Babson Statistical Organization.

Canadian business has struck bottom, Mr. Wilson said, pointing to a dozen or so charts of different phases in Canadian business. He particularly emphasized the activity in such barometers as our leading electric power, newspaper production, gold mining, a large wheat crop, a slight increase in wholesale commodity prices and a favorable balance of trade.

"The total volume of Canadian business should be greater in 1933 than in 1932. Furthermore," he said, "because the readjustment has been so drastic it is not unreasonable to expect the volume of business to reach normal by the close of 1934 or early in 1935. If this forecast is even approximately true, there is better business ahead of the Dominion for several years to come."

"I am not saying that Canadian business is on the high road to prosperity in 1933. There is plenty of hard work ahead. I am saying that 1933 is pointing the way out—that the depression has seen its deepest point and that slow but certain improvement lies ahead," Mr. Wilson concluded.

Heroism Of Young Canadian

Lieutenant Flowerdew's Sacrifice In War Possibly Changed History

Members of the Authors' Club in London, England, were told the story of a young Canadian's heroism during the closing months of the Great War which, in the words of General J. C. Seely, war-time Canadian cavalry commander, "possibly deflected the whole course of history."

General Seely in a recent speech told the members how Lieutenant Flowerdew of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, dreaming he might win the Victoria Cross, led the attack on an important German position at Murray Ridge, capturing it in the face of heavy fire.

Flowerdew, he said, was hit and his horse collapsed under him. Then, as he lay dying, he waved to his men and shouted, "Carry on, boys, we have won."

Tears streamed down the General's face as he told the story. He quoted from the official report of Flowerdew's deed, which said:

"It was a return to the days when battles were decided by the strength of men's arms, and the fury of the charge was more than the Germans could face. They broke and fled whilst the enemy, still fighting in the woods, hearing a clatter of hoofs behind them, believed themselves surrounded, and their resistance was weakened."

Luck For Fishermen

On Vancouver Coast

Thousands of Small Arctic Fish Appear Near Shore

Ever hear of mallosus valloisii?

Most people had never even seen them until they started to appear in thousands off the east coast of Vancouver Island, some weeks ago. Mallosus valloisii is the technical name of a small fish of the smelt family.

Driven near shore by the salmon, vast hordes of the tiny fish, more commonly known as capelin, attracted fishermen from Nanaimo and other nearby cities. Rakes, nets, curtains, saucapans and other improvised gear were brought into use and the catch was bountiful.

Capelin are really an Arctic fish and seldom appear so far south.

Five Million Dollar Stadium

Big Project Now In Contemplation In Old London

Possibly a stadium may be built in Tottenham Court Rd., W., at a cost of about \$5,000,000 according to the head of a prominent London real estate firm, if present negotiations in connection with real estate goes through. The stadium would provide facilities for every sort of sporting contest, dancing tournaments and ice hockey. Exhibitions would also be held there.

The woman with aspirations (sighing): "My husband is merely a manufacturer of waste-baskets. It seems such a prosy occupation."

Unappreciated Poet: "On the contrary, there is much poetry in waste-baskets."

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Trying Unusual Plan For Growing Celery

Canadian Seedlings Shipped To Bermuda Come Back Full Grown

Eugene W. Outerbridge, president of E. W. Outerbridge Company, Bermuda, has been in Halifax cultivating an experiment with which he hopes to beat the celery market by about three months.

He is growing seedlings in Canada, shipping them to Bermuda for replanting, then reshipping the full-grown celery to Canada.

"This winter," he said, "you will be given an opportunity to buy celery three months or more before the usual Bermuda product is on the market."

Mr. Outerbridge was in Pictou, Nova Scotia, superintending the packing of seedlings for shipment to Bermuda. Last year he experimented in a small way, with such success that he had made extensive plantings at Pictou and at Montreal.

Two shipments, totalling 150,000 seedlings, were made from Montreal to Bermuda during October. The second shipment from Nova Scotia, 1,000,000 seedlings, left Halifax on November 1.

"The Canadian National Steamships have co-operated in every way to me to land these shipments in Bermuda in excellent condition," said Mr. Outerbridge, "and I believe this project will mean a large increase of north-bound freight later on."

Ordinarily, Bermuda celery seed is planted early in October and transplanted during January and February. It is shipped north to Canada during April, May and June. The Bermuda climate will not permit early planting because of the hot summers.

The seedlings now being transplanted in Bermuda have already had three months' growth in Canada. Thus the full-grown celery will be shipped to Canada during January and February. It will be marketed in a distinctive crate under a registered trade-mark, Mr. Outerbridge said.

Tigers Afraid of Lions

Expert Animal Trainer Speaks From Long Experience

Any number of experts have held forth in print and picture on the relative combative merits of the lion and the tiger. These opinions have been largely academic, as the lion and the tiger dwell in different localities and seldom meet on the field of battle.

But a young man who has served as referee, you might say, in many a fight to the finish between the animals in question was in Chicago recently and gave an earful of first-hand information. He is Clyde Beatty, animal trainer for a decade in circuses, now about to make a moving picture called "The Big Cag."

"An individual tiger," pronounced Mr. Beatty, "could clean up on an individual lion. But I have had more tigers killed in fights than I have lions. The tigers are afraid of the lions. That sounds funny, but the lion fights in gangs and the tiger as an individual. Lions will come to the aid of one of their kin in distress. But a tiger will sit coolly aloof and watch his brother tiger knocked out."

Beatty is the only trainer who has succeeded in working with the two species in one cage. And that's the chief cause of his twenty more or less serious injuries.

Future Is Promising

Flin Flon To Be Immensely Benefited By Hudson's Bay Railway

When conditions return to normal a promising future awaits Flin Flon territory in northern Manitoba, it is believed by G. C. Martin of the Martin Paper Company. The Hudson Bay Railway will prove a boon to the territory.

Building of the railway resulted in at least one valuable discovery when marble was unearthed 50 miles north of The Pas. This, he said, had been used in constructing many buildings in eastern Canada. The Hudson Bay country abounds in copper, timber, fish and numerous minerals.

It was a difficult task building the H.B. road through rock, muskeg and swamp. Several railway engineers quit in disgust and railway tactics had been reversed, the work being done in winter and ballast filled in as frost left the ground. Sink-holes abounded, he continued; into one hole 50 feet long, 55 trainloads of gravel had to be deposited.

Mr. Martin said he made a trip up the line one day and found the road-bed level. But, returning the next day the muskeg had oozed out from under the roadbed, dropping it many feet in some sections and making the line look "like a roller-coaster."

MEMORIAL TO AVIATORS UNVEILED IN POLAND



Above is a picture of the striking monument erected in Warsaw, Poland, to commemorate the 365 Polish aviators killed on active service in the Great War. The monument is a striking piece of sculpturing by Professor Edward Wittig. The photograph was taken at the moment of the unveiling.

Bicycle Popular In England

Boom Said To Be Largely Due To Hard Times

The humble bicycle is making fame for itself and fortune for its manufacturers. This was a somewhat surprising fact revealed at the recent lightweight cycling, hiking, and camping exhibition held in London. So popular has the bicycle become in the past two years that 500 new cycling clubs have been formed and it is estimated that about ten million people now are riding in Britain.

One manufacturer admitted that he was employing 30 per cent more workmen today than at any time during his 25 years' experience of the business.

It is probable that the general depression largely is responsible for this boom in bicycling, for there must be hundreds of one-time motorists and motorcyclists who find they can no longer afford the luxury of self-propelling vehicles and have taken to the pedal machine as the cheapest means of enjoying the countryside.

Good Rule To Follow

Be Satisfied Instead Of Envy Possessions Of Others

Toronto is searching for the perfect baby. The quickest way to make the discovery is to ask the first mother you see—St. Thomas Times-Journal. Would it not be a good idea if we could apply the same thing to our affairs in general? Then we would consider our silver better than the neighbor's limousine, and our humble cottage we would esteem as highly as the far-flung ancestral home of the man next door. It might cure a heap of our troubles.

A Real Sport

A man went to have his photograph taken "Mounted or otherwise?" asked the photographer. "Well, I'll have it taken mounted," replied the man; "but I don't know what my wife will say—she's never seen me on a horse before."

Britain has placed a ban on the importation of muskrats.

Substitute For Hardtack

American Forest Rangers Will Have Canned Brown Bread

Rations for Uncle Sam's forest service employees in all parts of the United States and Hawaii, packed at Missoula, Montana each year for distribution, will contain no hardtack for the coming year, officials have announced.

The "army cake," formerly used by the rangers, will be replaced by canned brown bread, increasing the caloric content of the foods packed for the forest workers. The can in which the bread is packed will be used as a coffee pot after its contents have been removed, lightening the rangers' equipment. Cans of hash, pork and beans, roast beef, fruit, coffee, and a bar of candy will be placed in each ration pack with the bread.

Officials said that 32,000 pounds of the bread would be required.

Economic Progress

Getting Back To The Point Where Willing Workers Can Secure Employment

Recovery does not necessarily imply resumed economic progress, though that progress may quite possibly be resumed. It does imply that economic activity shall become profitable for the greater part of those who conduct it and for most of the time. Also that it shall be in sufficient volume to assure steady work for those able to work competently, and dependent on their labor for their livelihood. It implies that those who live by their paid labor shall receive for it not necessarily enough to make them feel that they could not use more but at least enough to maintain them decently and to enable them to save who will make the necessary sacrifices of avoiding expense.—Brooklyn Eagle.

One nice feature about using a parachute is that you come down whether the chute opens or not.

An ostrich in South Africa has attained the age of 70.

Report Will Be Interesting

British Educational Authorities Checking Up On War-Time Babies

The Great War resulted in a deplorable lack of men between the ages of 25 and 45. The older men were obliged to carry on, but there were comparatively few to follow in their footsteps. The youngsters born during the war will soon be preparing to enter on the duties of manhood and womanhood. What will be their calibre?

With a view to answering this question a new series of "human records" is to be established and maintained during the next four years by a number of educational authorities and schools throughout Great Britain. These documents and statistics will tell the history of boys and girls who were war-time babies. Throughout their school life these children have been watched with particular care by headmasters, headmistresses and teachers, and inspectors. Among the physical, mental and social characteristics already noted are the following:

Health.—Generally these children, particularly if their fathers were in the navy or army during the war, are physically stronger, taller in stature, and in every way fitter than the children born since the war. This applies to girls more than to boys. There have been, however, some curious defects in the war children, for example, 17.1 per cent. of the boys and 19.8 per cent. of the girls at the age of 15 have defective vision, and require to wear glasses.

General.—The average war-time child has been good at lessons, and has reached a high standard of comparative scholarship, certainly higher than children who ranged between the years of four and eight during the war. Where psychological tests for measuring capacity have been applied war-time children have shown better results than post-war children at comparative ages.

The results of the reports, so far, are highly satisfactory. Conditions of life are more severe than before the war, but the "war babies" give promise of overcoming them.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Conducts Fascinating Information Bureau

Calgary Women Cater To Canadians In Isolated Places

A petite, silver-haired, bright-eyed woman, who is guide, philosopher and friend to the real he-men in the back-of beyond lumber camps of Canada is in England, studying our library methods, says a writer in the London Daily Star. She is Miss Jessie F. Montgomery, librarian of the library division of the department of extension in the University of Alberta. She has a stranger library and conducts a fascinating information bureau than any of her professional colleagues in this country.

Her task includes choosing and sending out of parcels of books to be read in the far-away huts of the miners and by men plunged for dreary months in the Arctic Circle night. And she posts love stories to Canadian wives in the solitude of farms 60 miles from a village. In an interview Miss Montgomery described how she receives letters from the women of these desolate farmsteads asking: "What is the best way to feed my six-months-old baby? Is it too young for meat?" "How shall I best preserve my fruit?" "Please send me some patterns for making a dress."

"I answer hundreds of these," she said simply. "When the 11,000 books of my 'travelling library' come back, each one is shaken—and out of them tumble ears of wheat and oats from the wagons in which sunburnt workers have been reading them on some jolting journey. A box of books may travel 1,000 miles and be away for months, but so great is the appreciation and care that they come back cleaner very often than if someone in the next street had borrowed them for a day or two. The men in the lumber camps like adventure stories. They are the 100 per cent. he-men, I suppose, and they like a good red-blooded story. A few prefer love stories, but they will not have the highbrow modern sex problem novel at any price."

Antique Dealer.—This is a very interesting piece, sir; a William and Mary chair.

Customer.—It is a bit small. Looks as though Mary must have sat in William's lap.

Shipwrecked Man (to another victim who wants to share his raft): "Before you get on, old chap, I think it only fair to warn you I have rather a nasty cold."

Conductor of school band: "Now we will play 'Rule Britannia' for our second number."

Schoolboy with trumpet (whispering nervously to boy next him): "My hat, I just played that?"

The longest waves in the ocean are generally found in the South Pacific, and sometimes attain lengths of 1,000 feet.

Finishing Bacon Hogs

Information Gained Through Experiments At Nappan, Nova Scotia

The low price of pork and pork products very often results in the marketing of unfinished hogs. This in turn forces the market to even lower levels and results, in many cases, in losses to the producer, whereas the sale of a finished product would have shown a profit. In these times of depression the advantages of marketing only superior quality products are even more marked than when prices are high. For example, in 1929 when hogs were selling for 12 cents per pound or more, the premium on a select hog was \$1 or an increase in the value of a 200 pound hog of 4.17 per cent. In 1932, with a price of 4 cents per pound, the increase in value on a select hog is 12.5 per cent. Similarly the percentage decline on grades below select is increased with a decrease in hog prices.

The Dominion Experimental Farm at Nappan, Nova Scotia, has been conducting various experiments over a period of years, comparing various tests for growing and finishing bacon hogs. Space does not permit a detailed account of all these experiments, but they include comparisons of skinned, tankage and fish meal, mangels and swedes for green feed, corn and barley, and oats, middlings and barley.

The results in general show that home grown feeds such as barley are equal to imported feeds for finishing also that fish meal is a valuable substitute for skinned-milk, and when the price is not too high, can be used to advantage.

One point brought out during these tests is the value of having an early maturing strain of hogs to start with. For example, in 1929 two groups of hogs by the same sire from two different sows were fed alike. One group showed an average daily gain of 1.22 pounds, and the feed cost per pound gain was 7.80 cents, while the other group gained 1.31 pounds per day and cost 7.16 cents per pound.

Proper type, plus uniform finish, commands a premium on the open market, and any increase in our bacon production must be based on these points if progress is to be made.

Exhibits Are Unrivalled

Britain Maintains Her Ascendancy At Air Show In Paris

Britain's contribution to the international aero show in Paris, though smaller than in some earlier years, worthily maintained. SHE AORD worthily maintains British ascendancy in the design and construction of aircraft machines. The aeroplanes, aero engines, materials and accessory equipment sent to represent this country provide sufficient evidence in the exhibition hall of the high standards of design and workmanship which have kept Great Britain in the van of the world's aircraft export trade since the end of 1928; at Le Bourget aerodrome, near Paris, some of the latest types of British war 'planes confirm and emphasize that impression.

British exhibits at Paris include examples of military aircraft that are unrivalled in speed and general flying efficiency by any standard craft built elsewhere, aero engines ranging in power output from 140 to 800 h.p., a model, on public view for the first time, of the uncanny device known as the "automatic pilot," and many of the essential component parts and materials that go to the make-up of a modern British flying machine.

An Editor's Success

How One Was Able To Retire With A Fortune

This was sent to encourage the Sun.

"However, cheer up! I just heard of an editor of a country newspaper who retired with a fortune. When asked the secret of his success he replied: 'I attribute my ability to retire with a \$100,000 bank balance, after 30 years in the country newspaper field to close application to duty, pursuing a policy of strict honesty, always practising vigorous rules of economy, and to the recent death of my uncle who left me \$98,500.' —Farmer's Sun

Conductor of school band: "Now we will play 'Rule Britannia' for our second number."

Schoolboy with trumpet (whispering nervously to boy next him): "My hat, I just played that?"

...chest
COLDSBest treated
by stimulation
and inhalationrub on
VICKS
VAPORUB

ACTS TWO WAYS AT ONCE

HEART
OF THE
NORTH

By

WILLIAM
BYRON
MOVERLY(WNU Service)
Copyright by William Byron Moverly

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

She said, "You know what I want to talk about." She asked pointedly, "When your term is up next month, are you going to re-enlist or not?"

Alan knew that Elizabeth was determined, heart and soul, that he should get out of the Mounted and take a good salaried position down in Victoria which Colonel Steele, commander of his regiment in the World War, had been wanting him to accept. But he was loath to take a job on a friendship basis; he preferred to stand on the more self-respecting ground of honest work honestly performed. And to leave this land where he had found freedom and happiness was an intolerable prospect. He loved this northern Mackenzie country as intensely as he hated the hectic stifling oppression of city life; and his comradeship with men like Bill Hardsock was precious to him.

If he tore himself away from all this, if he became a mere cog in an industrial machine, he would be uprooted and miserably unhappy.

But as things stood, he was in a blind alley. Haskell was riding him hard for personal reasons; a rank injustice had done him in. There were a dozen powerful arguments on the other side, too.

After a moment he said slowly: "I suppose I oughtn't to sign on again. But it's hard to decide, Elizabeth."

"What is there to decide about? How can you tolerate this situation you're in? You're a subordinate, taking orders; you're liable to be demoted any day; you're compelled to do another man's work for him! You don't think your situation is going to change? You aren't expecting a commission any more now, I hope? Then why under heaven do you want to stay?"

Alan started to answer, but he checked the words. His reasons were deep and intangible things—his friendships, the freedom he'd found here, the sense of being rooted in the country, his ramified duties that held him with invisible bonds, his unwillingness to desert comrades when they sorely needed him, his reluctance to give the impression of having quit just because a commission was not forthcoming.

Down on the river bank Bill Hardsock came skimming full-till up to the landing, swerved the canoe around in a complete circle to stop it, leaped out upon the plank, tossed the painter to a sleepy Loucheux. He did not seem to notice Inspector Haskell only a couple rods away. At a hop he headed up the terrace, straight for Alan's cabin, as though Alan was the man to hear his news.

"If you had nothing to turn to," Elizabeth persisted, "it would be a

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Too "Worn-Out" to go
Another day broken . . . Couldn't stay on her feet a minute longer! Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound always relieves cramps. Try it next month.

W. N. U. 1971

little different. But you've got a position waiting, at four times your present salary, with advancement sure, with a chance to make even more on the side." She broke off: "But what's the use going over and over these arguments? We've gone over them a dozen times. I didn't come for that."

She paused a second to emphasize her next words: "If you intend to stay in the Mounted, I wish you would tell me so frankly, so that I can plan . . ."

It was an ultimatum. She meant it so; Alan understood it so. But she saw too that it had antagonized him a little. Though she must be firm now, she must head off any antagonism.

Dropping her coldness, she got up and stood beside him where he sat on the corner of the table.

"Alan! Don't you realize how intolerable it is for me—not being with you two hours in a week? And if we were married, he—Haskell—he'd make it even worse. You know why he's sending you out on these patrols and letting you be here just long enough to manage the post. When you're gone he forces his company on me! If I'd repulse him, he'd—he'd take it out on you! I've got to let him—"

A slow red crept into Alan's face and his fist clenched. He had wondered, sometimes with nameless suspicions, why she allowed Haskell to be so much in her company. Mrs. Drummond and others had hinted about it to him, implying it was not very honest of her. Here was the reason! It had never occurred to him that Elizabeth had been permitting it for his sake.

He thought: "I can't blame her for not wanting to live here in the North. Her brother died here; she hasn't any friends; these folks don't understand her. If she wants to live in a city, that's as natural, as much her right, as my wanting to live in this North country. She'd like to have pleasures, clothes, and other things we'll have when I take that Victoria job. Wouldn't any girl want them?"



Alan Was Not the Fool to Believe Haskell Was Bluffing.

Bill Hardsock came past the alcove window, hatless, excited. Elizabeth saw him, and realized her talk with Alan was broken. But she did not greatly care. She had given him her ultimatum, she had headed off any antagonism; and what she said about Haskell had galvanized him as nothing else could have done.

She half-whispered, running her fingers through his hair, "You've been here less than an hour, we've had less than ten minutes together, and now—now something else happens and you'll be gone again." She kissed him quickly and turned away.

As Bill Hardsock stamped into the cabin he burst out: "Oh Lord, Alan, Sammy-hell sure popped down here! The midnight sun, bringing up a raft of furs from the Ramparts country, and gold dust, too, a whole wad of it from the Peel and Arctic Red Placers. . . . Down there, mouth of the Big Alaska, where she was taking on wood, half a dozen men bounced her in broad daylight, and robbed her there, right this close to us—"

"Robbed her? Wh-a-a-t!" "That's what they did. They came over the side like as if they were ordinary trappers; they got a clear drop on the crowd, and had the run of the boat for better'n half an hour!" Alan leaped to the all-important question. "They didn't escape, Bill? They didn't get by with a trick like that?"

Scarcely hearing him, Bill kept pouring out his news. They took more'n three hundred pounds of dust, and sorted out half a dozen packs of the best and lightest furs. Alan, they shot and killed Jimmy Montgomery! He was the only one that drew a gun against 'em, and a rifle got him cold."

Alan's face went pale. The news of the robbery had been dazing enough to him; but now, this crashing shock of Jimmy's death. . . . His lips fastened silently. They killed Jimmy.

RUNS UPSTAIRS AT 92

Daughter's Pride In
Active Father

"I feel in duty bound," writes Mrs. A. J. W., "to express my gratitude for the marvelous results my father has obtained from Kruschen Salts. They should really be called 'Miracles.' He is ninety-two years old, and is fit as a fiddle. He can nip about, and run up and down stairs. His friends marvel why it is he is always alert, and never feels slack. He always tells them the reason, 'my regular daily dose of Kruschen Salts every morning.' We always recommend Kruschen Salts to all our friends. To my idea no family should be without it."

(Mrs. A. J. W.) Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—the need for internal cleanliness. Eventually they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then they start getting rid every day of all waste matter from the system. Now, healthy blood goes coursing through the veins. And almost immediately they feel their youth has returned; they feel young, energetic and happy. In a word, they've got that famous "Kruschen Feeling."

. . . A rifle bullet. . . . He was the only one who drew a gun. . . . But he could not speak; he could only stare at Bill.

"And if Father Claverly hadn't stepped in and helped stop a rush, Alan, they'd have shot up the whole deck. They slung the dust and furs into their canoes, and . . . Did they get away? What brought me busting up the river? I hope they did—clean, slicker—a whistle!"

In the pause then, Alan fought to shake off his daze. He had to make the plans, fling out a patrol, get into action. It was all in his hands—the pursuit, the capture, the whole heavy responsibility.

He demanded: "Who were they? Trappers, did you say?" "Un't know who, Alan, but strangers. Five whites and one 'breed'."

"Strangers? Can't be! Not in this country." "But that's what they were. Nobody on the boat had ever seen a single one of 'em'."

Alan did not believe this, but for the moment he passed it up. "Which way did they go? Have motors on their canoes?"

"No. Paddle craft. They whipped up the Big Alaska."

For a little space Alan stood thinking. Why had those bandits staged their robbery there at the mouth of the Alaska, instead of farther down north, at some lonely reach along the Mackenzie? In an instant he saw the answer to that question. They had chosen with an eye to a quick escape, an escape to the best hiding place in all Mackenzie territory.

As he imagined them whipping up the Big Alaska, whipping up that lonely spruce-buried river past Macmillan trading post, his thoughts leaped to Joyce, and a fear came into his eyes.

Echoing this very fear, Bill said: "They'll have to pass Macmillan's place, Alan. Ten chances to one, Dave's gone out somewhere after spring poultry and Joyce is there all by herself. . . ."

"But maybe they won't stop," Alan argued. His words were more a prayer for Joyce. "They'll probably try to sneak past. . . . He broke off: "Bill, go down to barracks, and Fed, tell him to get the launch in shape to travel. While you're doing that, I'll go tell Haskell."

Halfway down the slope Alan came upon Constable Larry Young, who was spreading Haskell's bed clothing on the grassy terrace to sun.

An older man, past forty, a native of this Waterways country, Larry had spent his boyhood years living with Crees and Chipewyans; and by easy odds he was the best bush detective in the whole division. But in matters of discipline he was worse than Bill Hardsock; for he was older, more set in his ways, more resentful of personal affront. Months ago Haskell had busted him from a corporal; and by humiliating him with orderly duties, he had been trying to make Larry knuckle under. Waiting for another month's pay so he could buy out of the Mounted, Larry was going about his "housework" with stolid face, chalking up his personal score against the day when he would be out of service and could settle with Haskell in man-to-man fashion.

Alan bade him: "Larry, drop that. Go and help Bill out. He'll tell you what's up."

It was rare that Inspector Haskell allowed his temper to get the upper hand. He had learned self-control in the hard army school, and he considered that any exhibition of temper was a plebeian thing. But when Alan Baker came into the cabin, Haskell was thoroughly and hotly angered.

A dozen things had happened this morning to irritate him. Constable Whipple, his stool pigeon, a thin

clerkish recruit whom he had brought along to Endurance, had repeated several infuriating jokes about him which the men were toasting back and forth in barracks. A few minutes ago Bill Hardsock, plainly carrying important news, had brushed past him as though he had not existed, and had taken the news straight to Alan Baker. And just now, through the open door he had seen Baker order Larry Young to drop work assigned by a superior officer and do something else.

(To Be Continued.)

Name Was Changed

Reason Why Chinese Thought Chop Suey Was American Dish

At last, be it known, after all these years of argument, chop suey, the only "dish without a country," has been given a home.

Despite all propaganda to the contrary, it is a Chinese food. Not only that, but it was a common dish in households of the Orient centuries before Columbus, who never heard of spaghetti, discovered America, before sauerkraut was labelled German, before the hot tamale was synonymous with Mexico and before Boston became "bean-town."

Years ago, when chop suey suddenly sprang from out of nowhere and became a favorite dish in restaurants of the United States, it was labelled a Chinese dish, but the Orientals repudiated it and claimed it was an American concoction.

But, take it from Stephen C. Hong, authority on Chinese culinary arts, the reason it was scorned by the Chinese was because it was travelling under a "nom de plume" and they didn't recognize the name. The real name of chop suey is nga choy ngok, which, of course, is easier to eat than pronounce. It means in Chinese, however, merely vegetables and meat, according to Hong.

THE RHYMING
OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaels

WHEN YOU DRAW NEAR

How shall I know when you draw near,
Though far and long you rove?
How will my heart be sure to hear
Your footfall, Love?

How is the Earth aware of spring
And south winds sweet and warm?
How does it close its reckoning
With wintry storm?

So timid is the spring's soft tread,
So strong the winter's might;
How dare the violet lift its head
Through chill and cold's night?

Your step is one among the throng
That crowd my life and me go,
How will it stir my soul to song,
How make joys grow?

O, Sweet, a miracle is here
That none can read aright;
Yet it is certain, and as dear
As dawning's light!

For as the cold Earth throbs with
spring,
As robin carols, clear,
So will my pulses leap and sing
When you draw near!

Knows What To Expect

Newspaper Man Soon Becomes
Respected To Four Facts.

An editorial in a California paper says that after 15 years in the business a newspaper man becomes reconciled to the following facts: (1) He will always be regarded as some sort of freak; (2) that the favors he does will usually go unnoticed, but his mistakes never; (3) that when he gets in a crowd someone will say jocularly "Don't talk in front of So-and-So, he'll put in in the paper"; (4) that once a week someone will remark that newspaper work must be fascinating.

International bids for the \$15,000,000 electrification of the Assouan dam are said to be invited by the Egyptian government.

Rayon production throughout the world this year will be greater than in 1931.

For COLDS

"It always use BABY'S OWN TABLETS to break up any boy's cold," writes Mrs. Wilbert Colquhoun, Surgeon, Falls, Ont.

When I see a cold coming on, it is to BABY'S OWN TABLETS that I turn," writes Mrs. Robert Greenhorn, Phillipsville, Ont.

Mothers everywhere report in like vein of the safe, sure results that follow the use of BABY'S OWN TABLETS in treating children's colds, teething troubles, simple fevers, disordered stomach, colic, constipation. 25 cents.

Dr. Williams' 246

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

O.K.!



Made In Canada

Children's sluggish spells and other little upsets just vanish overnight when they get Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. A gentle anti-acid and mild laxative like this is ideal to give a child of any age, including infants. The genuine preparation—in the blue-wrapped bottle that says Phillips—has complete directions and dosage covering many important uses for adults and children.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM, Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets are now on sale at drug stores everywhere. Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

Modern Thief Versatile

No Longer Confines Himself To Money Or Jewels

Money, jewelry, plate—these were the booty of the old-fashioned Bill Sikes. According to the latest statistics of crime, all that is changed, and there is hardly anything, from a motor truck downwards, that is safe from the modern thief. Today, gangs specialize in cigarette stealing in England. In one recent case 200,000 cigarettes were lifted from one warehouse.

A queer case was that of a tobacconist's shop where a thief broke in and stole all the coupons out of 416 packets but left the cigarettes behind.

Market gardeners complain of being robbed of growing plants. In the Orpington district of Kent, Eng., a rose-grower found one morning that all his best roses, including over 100 golden emblem bushes, had been dug up and taken away.

In Durham the police discovered a robber's cave in a hillside, where an amazing selection of stolen goods was stored. There were hundreds of electric pocket lamps, candles, leather bags, surveying instruments, notebooks and pencils.

Nowadays the only shops that seem to escape the attention of thieves are those in which provisions are sold, and even these are not immune, for only the other day a sweet shop in London was raided.—Pearson's Weekly.

Violin Made Of Matches

Bruno Celler and Karl Hartmann, unemployed German youths, are starting a tour to South Africa and return with a violin made out of 2,000 matches. They are giving concerts on the instrument, and are living on the proceeds. The violin is said to have as good a tone as many expensive instruments.

New Disqualification

A new disqualification for auto drivers has just been recorded by Norremund court in Julund, according to a despatch from Copenhagen. A veterinary surgeon was fined 80 kroner equivalent to nearly \$16, for driving an automobile while in "a state of giddiness" caused by excessive smoking.

Ramie is seen as a rival of rayon by chemists of the Louisiana State University.

Don't confuse the spelling, Bologna requires chewing. The kind you swallow whole is boloney.

Little Helps For This Week

"And the Lord shall guide thee continually, and satisfy thy soul in drought."—Isaiah 58:11.

Wherever He may guide me
No want will turn me back;
My Shepherd is beside me,
And nothing can I lack.
His wisdom ever watcheth,
His sight is never dim,
He knows the way He taketh,
And I will walk with Him.

—A. L. Waring.

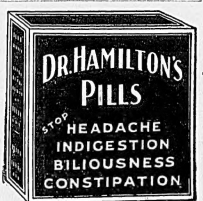
Abandon yourself to His care and guidance, as a sheep in the care of a shepherd, and trust him entirely. No matter though you may seem to yourself to be in the midst of a desert with nothing green about you, and may think you will have to make a long journey before you can get into the green pastures. Our Shepherd will turn that very place where you are into green pastures, for He has power to make the desert rejoice and blossom as the rose.—H. W. S.

A Foo To Asthma. Give Asthma half a chance and it gains ground rapidly. But give it repeated treatments of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and it will fall back even faster. There is no half way measure about this remedy. It goes right to work and drives asthma out. It reaches the most breathing passages and leaves no place for the trouble to lurk. Have it by you for ready use.

Some Facts About Honey

Nature's Choicest Sweet and Her Most Complete Food

At the price at which it is available today, honey is cheaper than almost any of the more common articles of diet. It is at once nature's choicest sweet and her most complete food; it contains carbohydrates in the form of sugar of lime, iron, magnesium and potash, and a certain amount of protein, all of which are necessary for the nourishment of the body. Because the sugars of honey are already inverted and directly available for assimilation it is a quick source of energy. It can be used as a sweetening agent in practically every instance where cane sugar and cheaper syrups are used.



Only 14 Shopping Days to Xmas

See Us for:

Mixed Nuts, no peanuts, 2 lbs.	35c
Xmas Candy, 2 lbs.	35c
Cream Candy, 1 lb.	30c
Peanuts, per lb.	10c
Xmas Trees	50c
Xmas Gifts from	25c to \$1.50
Jap Oranges, per box	\$1.00
Fancy and C. grade Jonathan Apples, per box	\$1.65
A few bulk Wagner Apples at 50 lbs. for	\$1.45
Sugar, per 100 lbs.	\$5.95
All Kinds of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	

Acadia Produce Company

Funeral of Mrs. Anton Peterson

The funeral service for Mrs. Anton Peterson was held on Wednesday, Nov. 30th, in the United church, Rev. Mr. Wool lott officiating. The church was filled with sympathizing friends and neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. Peterson having been among the earliest settlers, and having many friends. The suddenness of Mrs. Peterson's death came as a great shock, as she had been shopping in town the forenoon of the day she passed away. Mr. Peterson and family have the sympathy of the whole community.

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, December 11th.
Service at 3:00 p.m.
Adults and children invited.
You will enjoy our services.

Sunday School every Sunday at 11 a.m.
Pastor, I. D. Wool lott, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH
Service Second Sunday Every Month,
Mass at 9 a.m.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT	
1 Northern	\$25
2 Northern	23 1-2
2 Northern	22
No. 4	20 1-2
No. 5	19
No. 6	17
Feed	13
OATS	
2 C. W.	10
3 C. W.	7
Feed	6

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district Send it in.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL ACT OF ALBERTA

APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board for a license to sell beer by the glass or open bottle, for consumption in conformity with the provisions of the Government Liquor Act of Alberta, and regulations made thereunder, with respect to the following premises: The north east corner of the Chinook Hotel, situated on Lots One (1) and Two (2), Block Four (4), Plan 2331, B.A., Village of Chinook, Alberta.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 17th day of November, 1932.
Gustav Cook, applicant.

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

Collholme Municipal Meeting—Tax Sale Was Postponed

A meeting of Collholme Municipal District No. 243 was held in the Collholme school on Saturday, Dec. 3rd, 1932 at 10 o'clock a.m.

All councillors were present.

The meeting being called to order by the Reeve, on motion of Stewart the minutes of last previous meeting were adopted as read.

Ferguson that letter from E. C. Britton re closing of road allowance be tabled until next meeting.

Stewart, that the letter as read re loose wire from John Harrington, of Weisley, asking for purchase of same, be refused.

Stewart, that we give the Youngstown rest room the sum of ten dollars.

Patz, that the secretary see V. D. Stewart re the lease of land, and see what arrangements can be made with him as we refuse the one fifth crop basis.

Stewart, that the secretary be instructed to ask Mr. Mumford to attend to loose wire on the land that his company owns as it is a menace to stock running at large.

Young, that we adjourn for lunch.

Sale of lands for taxes as advertised to take place Saturday, Dec. 3rd, was announced, by the secretary to be postponed for 15 days.

Council resumed session at 7.10.

At the court of revision several appeals were considered and some were revised. At the close of the court the council ordered the entire assessment reduced 25 per cent.

Ferguson, that arrangements with ratepayers re seizures as adjusted by committee be approved.

Ferguson, that, as M. Squires was the only applicant for a returning officer, that he be appointed. And that deputy returning officers be as follows: Div. 4, Matt Keays, polling booth his residence Sec 4-28 9, w 4; Div. 2, J. Polkins, polling place his residence, South 1 2 Sec. 20 26-8, w 4th in. Div. 6, L. Dressell, polling place, his residence.

Heard Around Town

A quiet wedding took place on Saturday, Dec 3rd, at St Mary's Cathedral, Calgary, when Miss Ethel Brophy, of Stavelly, Alta., was united in marriage to Mr. James Edward Peyton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Peyton, Chinook. Mr. and Mrs. Peyton will reside in the cottage owned by C. E. Neff, on Railroad avenue.

The Ladies' Aid will meet on Wednesday, Dec. 14th, at the home of Mrs. L. Robinson.

The Young People's Society met Wednesday evening at the United church. The entertainment consisted of lantern slides put on by Rev. Mr. Wool lott. A short business meeting followed the program, after which the young men provided and served lunch. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. N. Murray, assistants were Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Chapman. The meeting was opened by the president, Mrs. Lawrence, after which the secretary, Mrs. Chapman read the minutes of the last previous meeting. Election of officers was as follows: President, Mrs. R. Stewart; 1st Vice President, Mrs. Vanhook; 2nd Vice President, Mrs. Jacques; Sec.-Treasurer, Mrs. J. Turple; Directors, Mesdames

HURLEY'S STORE

CHINOOK, ALBERTA

Where Your \$1.00 Has Greater Purchasing Power

1 Tin Choice Tomatoes	three
1 Tin Choice Peas	tins
1 Tin Choice Corn	41c
Canadian Boiled Dinners, 2 for	38c
Beans, Ontario, 7 lbs.	30c
Strawberry Jam, 4-lb. tins, pure jam	49c
Evaporated Peaches, 3 lbs.	39c
Sugar Crisp Corn Flakes	8c
1 Tin Choice Strawberries	All
1 Tin Choice Pears	for
1 Tin Choice Plums	67c
Coffee, get to asking for this at	25c
Jap Oranges, per box	\$1.00



Buy From Hurley's

Service and Quality Our Motto

Lawrence, Robinson and Wilson Library Board, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Chapman, Mr. Jacques. The Red cross was voted \$10. It was decided to dispense Christmas cheer again. Mrs. Lawrence and Mrs. Chapman, the retiring officers, were tendered a hearty vote of thanks for their work in the Institute.

The Ladies' Aid will meet on Wednesday Dec. 14 at the home of Mrs. Lloyd Robinson.

The Ladies' Aid he'd a bazaar and supper in the United church on Saturday, Dec. 3rd, which proved to be quite successful. Proceeds amounted to \$50.

Mr. Hunter, manager of the Alberta Pacific Grain Co.'s elevator, met with a bad accident on Monday when starting the engine, it backfired and throwing him violently to the floor on his back. Dr. Esler, of Cereal, was called, and it was found that Mr. Hunter's spine was slightly injured. Mr. Johnston, manager of the National Elevator, is looking after Mr. Hunter's elevator until he is able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Chapman motored to Calgary last week.

Eileen, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Proudfoot, had the misfortune to slip on some ice and broke her left arm between the wrist and elbow.

"Eyes Examined" at the hotel in Chinook on MONDAY MORNING ONLY, Dec. 19th, at the hotel. E. J. Anderson,

B.Sc., from Calgary, in attendance.

H. G. McCrea, publisher of the Hanna Herald, who recently suffered the amputation of his right arm, is progressing favorably. On Friday last Mr. McCrea was removed from the Hanna hospital to his home where he is under close observation of Dr. S. E. Argue. It is expected three or four weeks will elapse before the wound is healed.

There were some buyers at the Collholme sale of land for taxes but the sale was postponed for fifteen days.

Notice—All parties having books belonging to the traveling library at the drug store please return at once. They are called in to Edmonton.

The Ladies' Card Club met at the home of Mrs. Bennett. Honors of the evening went to Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Chapman.

The club meets next week at the home of Mrs. Vanhook.

Anyone having empty B.A. Drums please return at once.—R. D. Vanhook. 33 3

Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Trogan were Mr. and Mrs. Berry and Mrs. Vanhook and children.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BUY YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL The people's choice of Rail and Steamship Lines. All Ports of the World.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

(Incorporated and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)

OPERATING

375 Country Elevators
100 Flour Warehouses
275 Coal Sheds

Terminal Elevators at Vancouver Capacity 6,000,000 bushels

Bankers

Royal Bank of Canada
Canadian Bank of Commerce

Bank of Toronto
Bank of Montreal